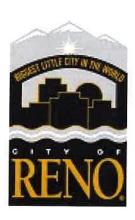
# Community Scale Greenhouse Gas Emissions Inventory for the City of Reno and Washoe County for 2014

**Prepared for:**City of Reno
Washoe County

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#### **Executive Summary**

The estimation of greenhouse gas emissions to the atmosphere at the county scale has become a global priority for many local decision makers and scientists. It is part of the effort to track, mitigate, and reduce concentrations at the local level to benefit the world as a whole. This report provides a brief overview of greenhouse gases in the atmosphere and the resulting effects on climate. It also details the approach and methods used to develop a community scale inventory for Washoe County and the City of Reno, and presents the inventory results. The results were computed using the International Council for Local Environmental Initiatives (ICLEI) ClearPath<sup>©</sup> Program with greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions reported in equivalent carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>e) using a sector-based approach. The inventory is completed for Washoe County and the City of Reno for 2014. Based on data from the US Census the population in 2014 for Washoe County was 440,078, Reno: 236,995, Sparks: 94,708, and the Nevada state population was 2,839,099<sup>1</sup>.

For all of Washoe County, the total GHG emissions were 4.516 million metric tons of  $CO_2e$  in 2014 (Figure 1). The transportation sector contributed the highest amount of emissions at 32.23% (1,455,397 metric tons  $CO_2e$ ), with the residential and commercial energy sectors second and third, respectively (28.29% or 1,277,392 metric tons  $CO_2e$  and 28.25% or 1,275,550 metric tons  $CO_2e$ , respectively). Industrial energy (253,922 metric tons  $CO_2e$ ), solid waste (195,051 metric tons  $CO_2e$ ), water & wastewater (30,472 metric tons  $CO_2e$ ), and agriculture (28,196 metric tons  $CO_2e$ ) together make up the other 11.23%.

The 2014 City of Reno total GHG emissions were 2.792 million metric tons of CO<sub>2</sub>e (Figure 2). The commercial energy sector contributed the highest amount of emissions at 31.77% (887,077 metric tons CO<sub>2</sub>e), with transportation at 29.43% (821,705 metric tons CO<sub>2</sub>e), and residential energy 27.39% (764,770 metric tons CO<sub>2</sub>e). The rest 11.41% includes the industrial energy (176,598 metric tons CO<sub>2</sub>e), solid waste (124,749 metric tons CO<sub>2</sub>e), water & wastewater (16,337 metric tons CO<sub>2</sub>e), and agriculture (888 metric tons CO<sub>2</sub>e). The City of Reno emissions make up 61.83% of the total 2014 annual Washoe County emissions. When possible Reno specific activity data was used as inputs to the software to calculate the CO<sub>2</sub> equivalent, however the city data was not always available. When city data was not available the Washoe County activity data was used and scaled to the city level. The details of the scaling method used for the input data are discussed below in Section 4 and the input values are included in the Appendix.

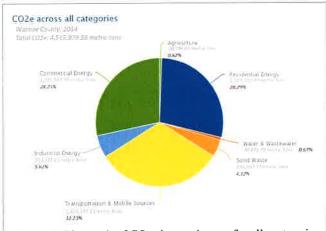


Figure 1: Pie graph of CO<sub>2</sub>e in metric tons for all sectors in the Washoe County inventory, with equivalent percentages. Created by the ClearPath<sup>©</sup> Program.

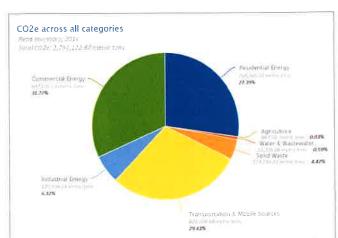


Figure 2: Pie graph of CO<sub>2</sub>e in metric tons for all sectors in the City of Reno inventory, with equivalent percentages. Created by the ClearPath Program.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Population estimates from: http://quickfacts.census.gov/

#### 1. Introduction

The earth's atmosphere is made up of various layers and gases that help regulate, protect, and make life possible at the surface. Its layers have different densities and temperatures, being divided from top to bottom into the exosphere, thermosphere, mesosphere, stratosphere, and troposphere. The density of atmospheric gases is greater in the bottom layers, and equates to higher temperatures near the surface. Nitrogen (N<sub>2</sub>) and oxygen (O<sub>2</sub>) are the most abundant species throughout the atmosphere, together making up around 99% of dry air. These gases are essential as N<sub>2</sub> is a constituent of DNA and part of the genetic code, while O<sub>2</sub> is what allows our bodies to convert food to energy. Though making up a much smaller percentage of the atmosphere, the other components of the atmosphere are equally important. Water vapor (H<sub>2</sub>O), carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>), and other gases play a very important role in the phenomenon known as the Greenhouse Effect.

Atmospheric conditions (i.e. climate) mostly affect animals and humans by regulating the global distribution of biomes, such as forests, grasslands, tundra, and deserts. The aforementioned Greenhouse Gases (GHGs) impact this distribution because of the absorption of incident solar radiation and outgoing terrestrial radiation, which results in effects on temperature, heat, and precipitation. Incoming solar radiation (short wave) is reflected and absorbed by the earth's surface and terrestrial (long wave) radiation is emitted from the earth's surface. The GHGs trap and reflect this radiation back to the surface, due to their tendency to absorb radiation more strongly in the longwave part of the spectrum associated with outgoing terrestrial radiation than the shortwave part associated with incoming solar radiation. This effect is what keeps the planet at a warm enough temperature to sustain life. However, recent human activities have resulted in record high GHG concentrations, and contributed to global climate change.

Anthropogenic activities have always contributed to GHG emissions. Many basic, everyday tasks give off carbon dioxide, methane, and nitrous oxide, i.e., fossil fuel combustion, deforestation, biomass burning, landfills, coal production, cattle ranches, and energy consumption. Since the Industrial Revolution in 1760, humankind has noticeably been causing global climate change through the emission of GHGs. According to the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change (IPCC), the concentrations of CO<sub>2</sub> and CH<sub>4</sub> have increased respectively by 40 and 150% compared to pre-industrial times (Sreenivas *et al.*, 2015). This is the result of mass fossil fuel emissions and net land use changes such as biomass burning, vehicle transportation, and the increase of urban areas. Over the past few decades, there have been reports of higher measurements of average air and ocean temperatures, reports of snow and ice melts, and global sea level rise (IPCC, 2014).

United Nations data suggests that cities are responsible for some 70% of global greenhouse-gas emissions and that countries with high urbanization rates emit more CO<sub>2</sub> per capita (Tollefson, 2012). The high rates of emissions are a result of the high concentrations of energy usage, waste disposal, and fuel burning. However, cities also have the greatest ability to make changes that affect a larger group of people and reduce a larger amount of anthropogenic GHGs, e.g., through city planning and public transportation. These two factors alone can greatly reduce GHGs by creating more compact urban areas and taking millions of cars off the road. Sprawling cities tend to have higher per capita emissions that compact ones. For example, New York City, because of high population density and a vast public transportation network, is able to keep its annual CO<sub>2</sub> emissions per capita down to 7.1 tons. Compare that with a less dense Washington D.C. which emits 19.7 tons of CO<sub>2</sub> per capita each year (UN-HABITAT, 2011).

People and their governments around the globe are taking it upon themselves to measure, report, and create action plans to mitigate greenhouse gas emissions. To more effectively go about reducing emissions and educating the populace, counties and cities around the globe are conducting GHG inventories in an effort to pinpoint the sources of their local emissions. Washoe County and specifically the city of Reno, Nevada have joined the Compact of Mayors. This coalition is the largest of its kind and hopes to standardize the measurement and reporting of GHGs internationally in hopes to come up with more sustainable and effective controls and policies in regards to the problem of global climate change.

#### 2. Approach

The base year for the emissions inventory is 2014 because it was the year with the most complete data sets from all the different sources. The determination of a baseline year for an emissions inventory is the first milestone of International Council for Local Environmental Initiatives (ICLEI) Five Milestone Process to fight global warming. The program used for the 2014 inventory was ICLEI's ClearPath software, which has updated methods and emissions factors, as well as the ability to compute emissions from sources and activities unavailable in previous ICELI software packages (e.g. emissions from wastewater treatment). This updated software was created to more easily comply with the Compact of Mayors campaign which began in 2014. This new campaign is similar to Cities for Climate Protection, except that all data are uploaded into one central online repository. The benefits of this campaign are that it provides a public space for the measurement of emissions and climate risk, as well as an internationally consistent reporting platform. It provides a global picture of the anthropogenic effects on GHG emissions while at the same time breaking them down into their individual sources to more efficiently develop plans to reduce emissions. However, it is important to note that the emissions calculated by ClearPath are approximations rather than exact values. The software depends on numerous assumptions, and is limited by the quantity and quality of available data. Despite all this, it is still a useful tool in developing local mitigation plans to reduce GHG emissions.

In ClearPath, emission estimates are derived from community activities which are divided into the following sectors: Stationary Energy, Transportation, Waste, Industrial Processes and Product Use (IPPU), and Agriculture/Forestry/Other Land Use (AFOLU). These sectors are further broken down into scopes: Scope 1 being all in-boundary sources, Scope 2 being grid-supplied energy sources (those which cross the boundary), and Scope 3 being all out-of-boundary sources, shown in Figure 3. All emissions from GHGs are converted into equivalent carbon dioxide units (CO<sub>2</sub>e) for an easier comparison. For example, methane is twenty-five times more powerful than carbon dioxide in its capacity to trap heat, so the model converts one ton of methane emissions to 25 tons of CO<sub>2</sub>e.

All the data for the inventory were provided by the US Census Bureau, Air Quality Management Division at the Washoe County Health District, NV Energy, Nevada Department of Transportation (NDOT), Department of Motor Vehicles (DMV), Regional Transportation Commission (RTC), Reno-Tahoe Airport Authority, Waste Management (WM), Nevada Division of Environmental Protection (NDEP), U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA), Truckee Meadows Water Authority (TMWA), and University of Nevada Reno Department of Agriculture, Nutrition and Veterinary Sciences.

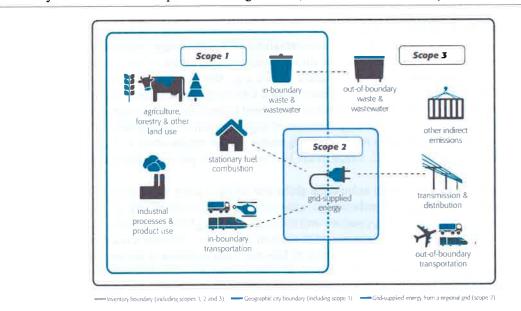


Figure 3: Sources and scope boundaries of GHG emissions, http://ghgprotocol.org/files/ghgp/GHGP\_GPC.pdf.

#### Stationary Energy Sector

The stationary energy sector is broken down into nine subsectors: residential buildings, commercial facilities, industries and construction, energy industries, energy generation supplied to the grid, agriculture/forestry/fishing activities, non-specified sources, fugitive emissions associated with coal, and fugitive emissions from oil and natural gas systems. These are further broken down into scopes:

- Scope 1: Emissions from fuel combustion and fugitive emissions in the city
- Scope 2: Emissions from the consumption of grid-supplied electricity, steam, heating and cooling in the city
- Scope 3: Distribution losses from grid-supplied electricity, steam, heating and cooling in the city

The stationary energy sector is one of the largest contributors to a city's GHG emissions. GHGs result from fuel combustion, as well as fugitive emissions released in the process of generating, delivering, and consuming useful forms of energy (such as electricity or heat). The given Grid Electricity factor set by the EPA eGrid includes northern Nevada (by extension Washoe County) in the North West Power Pool (NWPP) region. However, the energy mix was very different from that of northern Nevada because the region includes Washington and Oregon which includes a significant portion of hydro power. The Electric Reliability Council of Texas (ERCOT) All region (mostly Texas) was instead chosen because that region uses equivalent amounts of natural gas and similar percentages of other power resources. The ClearPath program calculates the GHGs emitted from all of the electricity and fuel used, converting them all to tons of CO<sub>2</sub>e using the factor set in Table 3.

<u>Table 3:</u> The Factor Set used for the Stationary Energy Sector. Numbers were taken from the EPA eGrid, Annual Total Output Emission Rates for the ERCOT All region as the energy mix was the closest to Washoe County.

CO <sub>2</sub>	1143.04 lbs/MWh	5.72x10 <sup>-4</sup> tons/KWh
CH <sub>4</sub>	16.70 lbs/GWh	8.35x10 <sup>-9</sup> tons/KWh
N <sub>2</sub> O	12.33 lbs/GWh	6.17x10 <sup>-9</sup> tons/KWh

#### Transportation and Mobile Sources Sector

Vehicles and mobile machinery produce GHG emissions directly by combusting fuel and indirectly by consuming grid-delivered electricity. This sector is broken down into on-road transportation, railway, water-borne transportation, aviation, and off-road transportation. For Washoe County, it was decided to use a bottom-up methodology by using vehicle miles travelled (VMT) and miles per gallon (MPG) rates within the county limits.

This sector is broken down into the following scopes:

- Scope 1: Emissions from transportation occurring inside the city.
- Scope 2: Emissions from grid-supplied electricity used in the city for electric vehicles
- Scope 3: Emissions from the portion of the transboundary journeys occurring outside the city, and transmission and distribution losses from grid-supplied energy from electric vehicle use.

Calculations were then made for each fuel type using the annual VMT of different vehicle types and the factor set in Table 4. The fuel mix breakdown for the vehicles was determined for Washoe County by using the DMV vehicle registrations, results are shown in Table 5. The aircraft emissions were calculated based on the aviation fuel loaded onto the airplane and ground support vehicles with the corresponding fuel emissions factors in ClearPath. The jet fuel and aviation emissions were then scaled based on the number of community passengers (43% of passengers) to determine the community GHG emissions. The ClearPath program calculates the GHGs emitted from all of the electricity and fuel used, converting them all to tons of CO<sub>2</sub>e.

Gas Passenger Vehicle Fuel Economy (MPG)	23.8	Diesel Passenger Vehicle Fuel Economy (MPG)	13.81
Gas Light Truck Fuel Economy (MPG)	17.4	Diesel Light Truck Fuel Economy (MPG)	13.81
Gas Heavy Truck Fuel Economy (MPG)	5.36	Diesel Heavy Truck Fuel Economy (MPG)	6.06
Gas Transit Bus Fuel Economy (MPG)	5.36	Diesel Transit Bus Fuel Economy (MPG)	6.06
Gas Para Transit Fuel Economy (MPG)	5.36	Diesel Para Transit Bus Fuel Economy (MPG)	6.06
Gas Motorcycle Fuel Economy (MPG)	43.54	Diesel Motorcycle Fuel Economy (MPG)	115
Electric Vehicle Fuel Economy (MPGe)	102		

<u>Table 5:</u> Percentage breakdown of vehicle types calculated using the fuel mix estimated for Washoe County using the EPA MOBILE6 Vehicle Emission Modeling Software.

Motorcycle	4.62%
Passenger Car	83.13%
Light Truck	8.30%
Heavy Truck	3.95%

#### Waste Sector

Waste disposal and treatment produces GHG emissions through aerobic and anaerobic decomposition, or incineration. The waste sector is broken down by solid waste generated in and outside the city and disposed in landfill or open dumps, solid waste generated in and outside the city that is treated biologically, solid waste generated in and outside the city that is incinerated or burned in the open, and any wastewater generated in and outside the city. These sectors are broken down into only two scopes:

- Scope 1: Emissions from waste treated inside the city.
- Scope 3: Emissions from waste generated by the city but treated outside of it.

The software converts all the emissions into CO<sub>2</sub>e using built in emissions factors and the waste characterization factor set shown in Table 6. The data in this table is based on the recycled materials characterization for Washoe County and the percentages are applied to the total waste being sent to the landfill because the waste mix sent to the landfill was not available.

<u>Table 6:</u> Waste characterization factor set calculated from the percentage of recycled materials in Washoe County that are GHG emitting, percentages are assumed to be equivalent for waste sent to the landfill.

Mixed MSW	45.13%	Newspaper	0.25%
Office Paper	0.50%	Corrugated Cardboard	13.13%
Magazines/Third Class Mail	5.81%	Food Scraps	11.22%
Grass	0.96%	Leaves	0.96%
Branches	1.28%	Dimensional Lumber	1.46%

#### Agriculture, Forestry, and Other Land Use Sector

The Agriculture, Forestry, and Other Land Use (AFOLU) sector produces emissions through a variety of ways, including land-use changes that alter the composition of the soil, methane produced in the digestive processes of livestock, and nutrient management for agricultural purposes. For Washoe County, the only activity included for this sector was the methane produced by livestock. The scope breakdown is as follows:

- Scope 1: In-boundary emissions from agricultural activity, land use, and land use change within the city boundary.
- Scope 3: Other out-of-boundary emissions.

For this inventory, the methane emissions from dairy cows, horses, and beef cows were converted to CO<sub>2</sub>e using the following equation:

$$=\sum\frac{Animal\ Population \times Emissions\ Factor(EF) \times Global\ Warming\ Potential\ of\ CH_4(GWP_{CH_4})}{1000}$$
 
$$GWP_{CH_4}=25$$
 
$$Dairy\ cow\ EF\ for\ 2009=140\ kg\ CH_4/head/year$$
 
$$Horse\ EF\ for\ 2009=18\ kg\ CH_4/head/year$$
 
$$Beef\ cow\ EF\ for\ 2009=94\ kg\ CH_4/head/year$$

### 3. Community Greenhouse Gas Inventory for Washoe County

Washoe County is located in the high desert, basin and range area of northwest Nevada. It typically has low humidity, fluctuating temperatures, high intensity sunlight, and dry winds. Covering an area of about 6,540 square miles, it borders California along the eastern slopes of the Sierra Nevada Mountains and Oregon to the north. It contains Reno (the third largest city in Nevada), Sparks, and Incline Village. Washoe County's population is 440,078 and has a visitor count nearly 10x that amount<sup>2</sup> due to Lake Tahoe and year round cultural events. According to the EPA, the region's naturally variable and unpredictable hydrological and climatic systems would become even more variable with changes in climate (EPA, 1998). The main local impact would be on the already unstable water supply. A warmer climate would exacerbate fire risk in the late summer as it would increase evaporation and shorten the snow season in the mountains, resulting in earlier spring runoff and reduced summer stream flow. The following sections detail the GHG emissions from each sector.

#### 3.1 Energy

The energy sector is broken up into three main sub sectors residential (Table 7), commercial (Table 8), and industrial (Table 9). The residential and commercial energy sectors make up the majority of the GHG emissions from stationary energy, where electricity generation is the largest contributor in all three of the subsectors and natural gas usage being the second largest contributor.

Input Record Name	CO <sub>2</sub> e in metric tons (T)
Residential Distillate Oil Use-WC	36,436.998
Residential Natural Gas Usage—WC	481,922.597
Residential LPG Use—WC	29,675.049
Residential Kerosene Use—WC	5,378.653
Residential Wood Combustion—WC	3,714.576
Residential Electricity—NVE	720,264.528
Totals	1,277,392.402

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>2014 visitor counts 4,631,195, from https://www.visitrenotahoe.com/docs/9\_-\_Visitor\_Counts\_-\_March\_2016.pdf

Input Record Name	CO <sub>2</sub> e in metric tons (T)
Commercial Distillate Oil Use—WC	1245.000
Commercial Natural Gas Usage—WC	223,678.302
Commercial LPG Use—WC	13,339.840
Commercial Kerosene Use—WC	24,225.719
Commercial Electricity—NVE	1,013,061.086
Totals	1,275,549.923

Input Record Name	CO <sub>2</sub> e in metric tons (T)
Industrial Distillate Oil Use—WC	364.429
Industrial Natural Gas Usage—WC	78,399.285
Industrial LPG Use—WC	765.758
Industrial Kerosene Use—WC	2.089
Industrial Electricity—NVE	174,390.086
Totals	253,921.649

3.2 Transportation

The total GHG emissions from the transportation sector were 1,455,397 metric tons of CO<sub>2</sub>e for Washoe County. This is divided into the following subsectors on-road automobiles, public transit, railroad, and aviation. Table 10 shows all of the mobile and rail emissions and Table 11 shows the aviation emission. The on-road mobile sources have the largest GHG emissions in the transportation sector with over 1 million metric tons of eCO<sub>2</sub>, where gasoline vehicles are the majority of those emissions. Air travel is the second largest emitter in the transportation sector with over 100,000 metric tons of CO<sub>2</sub>e. However, the air travel is about 2.7% of the total CO<sub>2</sub>e emission in Washoe County, which is less than the US average of 3%.

Input Record Name	CO <sub>2</sub> e in metric tons
Amtrak Rail—Passenger	784.09
UPRR Rail—Freight	28,260.56
UPRR Rail—Switchyard	881.17
Public Transit—CNG	81.23
Public Transit—Diesel	6,265.30
Public Transit—Electric	0.21
CNG On Road VMT	10,640.01
Electric On Road VMT	7.45
Methanol On Road VMT	677.76
Diesel On Road VMT	116,747.84
Gasoline On Road VMT	1,171,674.89
Ethanol On Road VMT	4.40
Total	1,336,024.91

Input Record Name	CO2e in metric tons
International Flight (Guadalajara, Mexico-GDL)	66.45
Reno-Tahoe, Jet Fuel	115,617.52
Reno-Tahoe, Aviation Gasoline	463.26
Support Vehicles, Reno-Tahoe—Gasoline	571.30
Support Vehicles, Reno-Tahoe—Diesel	742.76
Reno-Stead, Jet Fuel	1,235.30
Reno-Stead, Aviation Gasoline	585.85
Support Vehicles, Reno-Stead—Gasoline	33.22
Support Vehicles, Reno-Stead—Diesel	56.66
Total	119,372.32

### 3.3 Waste Disposal

The waste disposal sector includes water and waste water treatment (Table 12) and solid waste disposal (Table 13). It is important to note that recycling is not included in the GHG emissions, therefore any solid waste materials that were sent to recycling are removed from the total inventory estimates. In 2014, the recycling rate in Washoe County was 37.5%. Also the burning or flaring of methane at the Lockwood Landfill was started in 2009, which results in a 75% methane recovery factor in the ClearPath software.

Input Record Name	CO2e in metric tons
Water Usage—WC	10,408.08
Nitrification of Wastewater—Stead	74.31
Wastewater Treatment—WC	16,026.19
Combustion of Digester Gas—WC	2.44 x 10 <sup>-5</sup>
Methanol in Wastewater Treatment—WC	3,963.11
Total	30,471.69

Input Record Name	CO <sub>2</sub> e in metric tons (T)
Waste Collection, WC—Diesel	8,102.337
Waste Collection, WC—CNG	1,082.656
Quarter 1 Waste—WC	43,668.243
Quarter 2 Waste—WC	50,854.122
Quarter 3 Waste—WC	49,204.153
Quarter 4 Waste—WC	41,953.300
Combustion of Solid Waste—EPA/WM	185.912
Totals	195,050.731

#### 3.4 Agriculture

The final sector of the GHG emissions inventory is agricultural emissions, shown in Table 14. There was not a significant amount of livestock farming in Washoe County but the dairy cow, beef cow, and horse estimates were included in this inventory. These emissions account for less than 1% of the total GHG emissions in Washoe County.

Table 14:         Results for the Washoe County A	ignounting deciding
Input Record Name	CO <sub>2</sub> e in metric tons (T)
Dairy Cow Emissions	13,097.000
Beef Cow Emissions	13,984.850
Horse Emissions	1,114.200
Totals	28,196.05

#### 4. Community Greenhouse Gas Inventory for City of Reno

The City of Reno is located in the southern portion of Washoe County and borders the City of Sparks. The 2014 population of Reno was 236,995, which makes up 53.85% of the Washoe County population. Together the City of Reno and City of Sparks accounts for just over 75% of Washoe County residents. The City of Reno is a transportation hub for Lake Tahoe and the Sierra Nevada region, including one airport (Reno-Tahoe International Airport), rail (Amtrak), bus (Greyhound, Silver State Trailways, Megabus), and major roadways (Interstates 80 and 580, U.S. Routes 40 and 395). The Truckee River is the main water source for the City of Reno and flows through downtown.

When possible, data specific to the City of Reno was used for this emissions inventory but the data was not available at the city level for each sector. Therefore, when necessary the county level data was used and scaled down to the city level. The scaling method used for each sector is discussed in each subsection, however the majority of the scaled emissions were based on population ratios of Reno versus Washoe County. Most of the Washoe County residents live in the Reno-Sparks metropolitan area therefore the activity data at the county level is likely representative of residents in a low to medium population density region (Figure 4). Because the

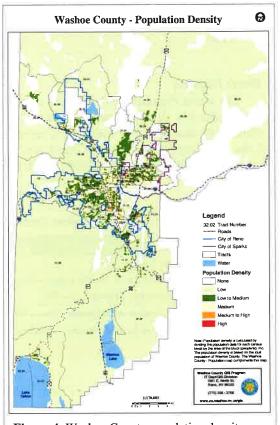


Figure 4: Washoe County population density.

majority of the Washoe county residents live in a region with low to medium population density the activity data for the county is representative of residents with activity habits similar to residents of Reno.

#### 4.1 Energy

The City of Reno grid electricity usage data was used for this sector, while all other stationary fuel combustion sources were scaled from the Washoe County data. This scaling was done for the residential, commercial, and industrial subsectors using the ratio of grid electricity from Reno versus Washoe County. This ratio was then used to scale down the stationary gas usage from the county level to the city level.

The energy sector is broken up into three main subsectors residential (Table 15), commercial (Table 16), and industrial (Table 17). The residential and commercial energy sectors make up the majority of the GHG emissions from stationary energy, where electricity generation is the largest

contributor in the commercial and industrial subsectors with natural gas usage the second largest contributor. For residential energy the electricity and natural gas usage are both the largest contributors to the subsector.

Input Record Name	CO2e in metric tons
Residential Electricity—Reno	354,351.22
Residential Wood Combustion—Reno	1,727.10
Residential Kerosene Use-Reno	27,695.41
Residential Distillate Oil Use—Reno	25,328.65
Residential Natural Gas Usage—Reno	335,039.58
Residential LPG UseReno	20,627.94
Total	764.769.90

Input Record Name	CO2e in metric tons
Commercial Electricity—Reno	704,593.70
Commercial Kerosene Use-Reno	16,840.11
Commercial Distillate Oil Use—Reno	865.43
Commercial Natural Gas Usage—Reno	155,504.40
Commercial LPG Use-Reno	9,272.89
Total	887,076.53

Input Record Name	CO2e in metric tons
Industrial Electricity—Reno	121,289.98
Industrial Kerosene UseReno	1.45
Industrial Distillate Oil Use—Reno	253.44
Industrial Natural Gas Usage—Reno	54,520.72
Industrial LPG UseReno	532.56
Total	176,598.15

#### 4.2 Transportation

The vehicle fuel mix for the City of Reno mobile emissions was assumed to be the same as Washoe County (Table 5). The vehicle miles traveled for Washoe County were scaled down to the City of Reno using population scaling. The rail activity was scaled by the amount of track in Washoe County versus the City of Reno.

The total GHG emissions from the transportation sector are 821,705 metric tons of  $CO_2e$  for City of Reno, which is 56.5% of the Washoe County transportation GHG emissions. This is divided into the following subsectors on-road automobiles, public transit, railroad, and aviation. Table 18 shows all of the transportation emissions, including the aviation emissions from the Reno-Tahoe International Airport. The on-road mobile sources have the largest GHG emissions in the transportation sector with over 690,000 metric tons of  $eCO_2$ , where gasoline vehicles are the majority of those emissions. Air travel is the second largest emitter in the transportation sector with over 100,000 metric tons of  $eCO_2e$ , and about  $eCO_3e$  emission in the City of Reno.

Input Record Name	CO2e in metric tons
International Flight (Guadalajara, Mexico-GDL)–Reno	57.15
Reno-Tahoe, Jet Fuel—Reno	115,622.90
Reno-Tahoe, Aviation Gasoline—Reno	463.08
Support Vehicles, Reno-Tahoe—Gasoline	571.34
Support Vehicles, Reno-Tahoe—Diesel	742.76
Amtrak Rail—Passenger	239.21
UPRR Rail—Freight	4,321.50
Public Transit—CNG—Reno	41.06
Public Transit—Diesel—Reno	3,358.20
Public Transit—Electric—Reno	0.11
CNG On Road VMT—Reno	5,310.20
Electric On Road VMT—Reno	3.99
Methanol On Road VMT—Reno	376.24
Diesel On Road VMT—Reno	62,576.84
Gasoline On Road VMTReno	628,017.74
Ethanol On Road VMT-Reno	2.36
Total	821,704.68

#### 4.3 Waste Disposal

The solid waste disposal and transportation data was provided specifically for the City of Reno, however the numbers for Quarter 2 to Quarter 4 were for 2014, and Quarter 1 was from 2015. The combustion of solid waste activity data was scaled down to the city level from the county data using the population ratio. The water and waste water treatment activity data for the City of Reno was also scaled using the population ratio from the county level data.

The waste disposal sector includes water and waste water treatment (Table 19) and solid waste disposal (Table 20). Again, recycling is not included in the GHG emissions, therefore any solid waste materials that were sent to recycling are removed from the total inventory estimates. In 2014, the recycling rate in Washoe County was 37.5%, which is assumed to be similar for the City of Reno.

Input Record Name	CO2e in metric tons
Water Usage—Reno	5,579.13
Nitrification of Wastewater—Reno	41.44
Wastewater Treatment—Reno	8,590.65
Combustion of Digester Gas—Reno	1.28 x 10 <sup>-5</sup>
Methanol in Wastewater TreatmentReno	2,125.67
Total	16,336.89

Input Record Name	CO2e in metric tons
Quarter 1 Waste—Reno	29,748.69
Quarter 2 Waste—Reno	29,235.29
Quarter 3 Waste—Reno	29,638.89
Quarter 4 Waste—Reno	29,540.08
Waste Collection, Reno—CNG	757.86
Waste Collection, Reno—Diesel	5,671.64
Combustion of Solid Waste—Reno	156.79

#### 4.4 Agriculture

The number of livestock was given for the City of Reno and therefore not scaled down from the county level data. There is not a significant amount of livestock farming in the City of Reno but cow and sheep emission were both accounted for. These emissions account for less than 0.05% of the total GHG emissions in Reno.

Input Record Name	CO2e in metric tons
Cow Emissions—Reno	877.50
Sheep Emissions—Reno	10.00

#### 5. Summary

This baseline emission inventory for the year 2014 will serve as a guide for the City of Reno and Washoe County to set targets for emissions reduction. It is important to note that the calculations made by software programs to determine GHG emissions are continually being updated with new emissions factors as the science advances. Therefore, caution should be used when comparing inventory estimates from different software programs that use different calculations and emissions factors. It can be helpful to compare the raw input data instead of the emissions, which for this inventory are included in the Appendix. For example, in a previous GHG emissions inventory for Washoe County for the year 2008 (Ling-Barnes, 2010) the mobile emissions were 2,605,371 metric tons of eCO<sub>2</sub> or 44% greater than the transportation emissions found in this 2014 inventory. This is despite the fact the total vehicle miles traveled in the 2008 inventory was only 10% greater than the VMT in the 2014 inventory. The 2008 inventory was completed using ICLEI's Clean Air and Climate Protection (CACP) software, which uses different emissions factors than the ClearPath software. The 44% reduction therefore is not physically realistic and is an artifact of methodological updates.

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#### **Appendix**

The following pages include all of the data used as inputs to the ClearPath software for Washoe County and the City of Reno. Along with the raw data, the contact information for the data is included with each dataset.

### 2014\_RNO Aviation\_RTAAk.xlsx

Community Emissions Inventory Air Travel: Working Data

Back to Intro

Inventory Log

Part A: Data for allocation of emissions to community

N/port name	Total airport	Community Passengers**	% of Passengers from community
Reno-Tahoe International Airport	3,298,915	1,418,533	0.43
Reno-Stead Airport (No Commercial Air Service)	NA.	NA.	
nternational Flight (Guadalajara, Mexico - GDL)	1,135	NA NA	
Reno-Stead Airport (No Commercial Air Service	NA.	NA.	

\*Number of passengers may be boardings, deplarings, or boardings + deplarings, as long as consistency is maintained between measurement for airport total and for community \*Total Community Passengers = Boardings \*departings + boardings + boardings + departings + boardings + boardin

Part B: Data on fuel loaded onto simismes

Record Name	Jet Fuel Total	Units	Aviation Secoline Total	Units	% of passengers from community	Jet Firel allocated to community	Aristion Gasolina allocated to community
Reno-Tahoe International Airport	28,063,411	Gallons	129,255	Gallons	0,43	12,067,267	55,580
Reno-Stead Airport	128,929	Gallons	70,288	Gallons	NA	#VALUE!	#VALUE!
International Flight (Guadalajara, Mexico - GDL)	13,870	Gallons				0	0
		1	Ţ	Ţ		0	0

Part C: Data on airport fleet and ground support vehicles

Record Name	Gesotne Total	Lineta	Deisei Total	Units	CNG Total	Units	LPG Total	Unns
Reno-Tahoe International Airport	54,495	Gallons	72,748	Gallons	0		0	
Reno-Stead Airport	3,750	Gallons	5,549	Gallons	0		0	

Record name	% of passangers from community	Gascins allocated to community	Deisel silocated to community	CNG Allocated to Community	LPG allocated to community
Reno-Tahoe International Airport	0,43	27,733	31,282	0	0
Reno-Stead Airport		#VALUE!	#VALUE!	#VALUE!	#VALUE!
	0.1	0	0	0	0
		0	0	0	0
		0	0	0	0

nary Sources (Airport Authority Owned and Operated Facilities Only - Does not include Tenant-Owned Facilities on-eirport Property) Examples: Nevada Air National Guard and General Aviation Ebred-Based Oper 16,879,473 kWh
412,444 Therms
rgy Generation (kWh) 262,520 kWh

RNO Facilities/Stationary Sources (Airport At Electricity (kWh) Natural Gas (Therms) Solar-Renewable Energy Generation (kWh)

Reno-Stated Alrport (Alrport Authority Owned and Operated Facilities Only - Does not included Tenant-Owned Facilities on-eirport Property) Examples: Nevada Army National Guard and General Aviation Fixed-Based Operators
Electricity (kWh)
Natural Gas (Therms)
24,198 Therms

### Factor Set Input Data

Washoe County Ou	itputs: 2014			Reno Outputs: 2014		
	MT	%	% Change		MT	%
Commercial En	1,275,549.92	28.25%	-30.46	Commercial Energy	887,076.53	31.77
Residential Ene	1,277,392.40	28.29%	-40.13	Residential Energy	764,769.91	27,39
Industrial Energ	253,921.65	5.62%	-30.45	Industrial Energy	176,598.14	6.32
Agriculture	28,196.05	0.62%	-96.85	Agriculture	887.50	0.03
Water & Waste	30,471.70	0.67%	-46.39	Water & Wastewate	16,336.88	0.59
Solid Waste	195,050,73	4.32%	-36.04	Solid Waste	124,749.23	4.47
Transportation	1,455,397.13	32,23%	-43.54	Transportation	821,704.68	29.43
Total	4,515,979.58	100.00%	-38.17	Total	2,792,122.87	100.00

WC Comparison to Yann's: 2008				*Run on ClearPath without Rail or Aviation			
Sector	2008 CO2e (metric t	2014 CO2e (metric t	% Change	2008 CO2e (metric t	2014 CO2e (me	% Change	
Residential	1,155,619	1,277,392	11	2.000	-	955525	
Commercial/Ind	1,612,383	1,529,472	-5	-		3 <del>889</del> 8	
Transportation	2,605,371	1,455,397	-44	1,681,422	1,306,099	-22	
Solid Waste	720,028	195,051	-73				
TOTAL	6,093,401	4,457,312	-27	1,681,422	1,306,099	-22	

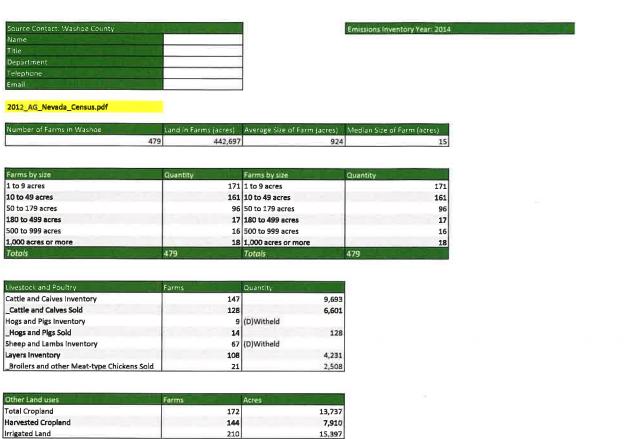
Washoe County	2008	2014	% Change		
	Recycling Rate %	Recycling Rate %			
	22,00	37.5	70		
	Waste Disposal	Waste Disposal		"Net" % Difference	
	889,251	571,663	-36	-106	*Flaring methane in 2009 that causes this reduction!
	Emissions in CO2e	Emissions in CO2e			
	720,028	230,873	-68		
	Population	Population	% Change	lli	
	412,219	442,123	7		

Washoe County Invento	rv: IPCC 4th Assessn	nent vs 2nd Assessment

	4th Assessment	2nd Assessment	Units	% Change
Commercial	1,275,549.92	1,275,524.17	metric tons	0.002
Residential	1,277,392.40	1,276,746.63	metric tons	0.051
Industrial	253,921.65	253,929.84	metric tons	-0.003
Agriculture	28,196.05	28,196.05	metric tons	0.000
Water/Waste	30,471.70	30,476.56	metric tons	-0.016
Solid Waste	195,050.73	165,341.11	metric tons	17.969
Transportation	1,455,397.13	1,371,619.54	metric tons	6.108
Total	4,515,979.58	4,401,833.90	metric tons	
	% Change	2.59		

### Raw Data\_Agriculture\_.xlsx

### 2012 Census of Agriculture for Nevada--Washoe County



Irrigated Land	210

		CH4 Emissions in CO2e	EF	GWP
Cattle	300	877.5	117 [1]	25
Sheep	50	10.0	8	25

Equation: CH4 emissions in CO2e = Animal Population x Emissions Factor (EF) x Global Warming Potential of CH4 (GWPcH4)

### Raw Data\_Agriculture\_.xlsx

[1] Average of beef and dairy cow EF factors as they don't have a set breakup

# Recycling Rate, Washoe County--DCNR

Recycled MSW AND C & D Grand Total

Total MSW Disposed of in County:

Source Contact: Waste Management	YEAR 2014			
lame	Patricia Moen	J 16		
tle	Northern Nevada Recycling Coordinato	r		
Department	DCNR			
Telephone	775-687-9466			
mail	pmoen@dcnr,nv.gov			
014 DCNR Washoe County Recycling I	Rate_Patricia Moen.xls			
Recycling Rate	Total Rate		Total Tons of Recycled Material	Total MSW
33.90%	100,00%		221,389.68	653,065.90
	Candfill Rate			Total Landfill M
	66.10%			431,677.22
aper	Quantity	Units	Metals	Quantity
Corrugated Cardboard	29,079.12	Tons	Aluminum Containers	10,167.43
Newspaper	548.44	Tons	Tin/steel Containers	19,625.01
Office Paper	1,117.69	CALL COLOR	Ferrous Scrap Metals	47,971.40
flagazines .	972.25		Non-ferrous Scrap Metals	6,413.43
elephone Books		Tons	Appliances (white goods)	6,438.00
Aixed Paper	11,878.61	11234-15		.,
otals.	43,601.17	Tons:	Totals	90,615 27
North Control	III/eHo//	WWW.	East	SW SW
astic (per)	Quantity	Units	Glass	Quantity
lastic (PET)	42.42		Glass whole (wine/beer bottles	
astic(HDPE)	19.84	Min-14-1	Clear crushed	0.00
ixed Plastic	4,222.53	11.0000	Green crushed	0.00
astic Film	3,320.09	2-0-2-1	Amber/Brown crushed	0.00
plystyrene	15.25	The same of the sa	Commingled crushed	5
her (PVC, LDPE, PP)	114.26	Tons		The second
stals	7,734.39	Toris	Totals	5.00
rganic Material	Quantity	Units	Special Waste	Quantity
rd Debris	7,097.38	Tans	Used Tires	2,491.23
od Waste	12,153.26	Tons	Paint	0.00
osolids (processed sewage sludge fro	39,594.33	Tons	Household Hazardous Waste	28.00
staurant Grease	9,466.81	Tons	Commercial Used Oil	4,406.82
endered Animal Matter	3,220.33	Tons	Commercial Used Anti-freeze	376.65
otals	71,582.11	Tons	Totals	7,302 70
xtiles	Quantity	Units	Other Materials	Quantity
extiles	226.85	C1.40202	Toner Cartridges	0.69
her-Clothing		Tons	Other—Computers	371.50
otals	226,85	Tons	Totals	372.19
14 Recycling Rate Washoe County C	onstruction & Demolition (C&D)			4 3 2 2
ecycling Rate	Landfill Rate		Total Tons of Recycled C&D	Total C&D
41.00%	59.00%		234,325.47	571,525.54
				Total Landfill Ca
SO	Quantity	Units		337,200.07
phalt (6" thickness)	110,422.00			
ncrete (6" thickness)	119,464.35	w1557		
	526.00			
	501.00	ACCES 1		
arpet padding				
arpet padding		Tons		
arpet padding rywall	0 <b>3,412.00</b>	104240011		
arpet arpet padding rywall ood astic Buckets	3,412.00	104240011		
rpet padding ywall ood sstic Buckets	3,412.00	Tons Tons		
arpet padding rywali lood	3,412.00 0.12 0.00	Tons Tons		

Total Industrial & Special Waste disposed of in county:	219964.77 tons
*Total MSW generated in county	653975,09 tons
**Total Waste generated in county:	1108265,33 tons

<sup>\*</sup> Total MSW generated is the sum of recycled MSW (tabulated above) plus the quantity of MSW disposed of in landfill which was reported as generated in the county.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Total Waste generated is the sum of recycled MSW and Construction and Demolition Debris (tabulated above) plus the quantity of MSW which was reported as generated in the county plus the quantity of Industrial/Special wastes (which includes Construction and Demolition Debris) disposed of in the county. Note that Nevada solid waste regulations do not require disposal facilities to report the county of origin for Industrial/Special waste.

creeniage of Necyclea Waterials tha	t are GHG Emitting		*assume equivalent % in land
Corrugated Cardboard		13.13	
Newspapers		0.25	
Office Paper		0.50	
Magazines/3rd Class Mail		5,81	
Yard Debris		3,21	
grass		0.96	30% of yard debris
-leaves		0.96	30% of yard debris
-branches		1.28	40% of yard debris
Food Waste		5.49	
Biosolids		17,88	
Rest. Grease/Animal Matter		5.73	
Wood		1.46	
Orywall		0.00	
Tons of Materials in Landfill that are G	GHG Emitting		
	SHG Emitting	56700,00	tons
Corrugated Cardboard	SHG Emitting	56700.00 1069.38	
Corrugated Cardboard Newspapers	GHG Emitting		tons
Tons of Materials in Landfill that are G Corrugated Cardboard Newspapers Office Paper Magazines/3rd Class Mail	SHG Emitting	1069,38	tons
Corrugated Cardboard Newspapers Office Paper Magazines/3rd Class Mail Yard Debis		1069,38 2179.33	tons lons tons
Corrugated Cardboard Newspapers Office Paper		1069,38 2179.33 25067,15	tons lons tons tons
Corrugated Cardboard Newspapers Office Paper Magazines/3rd Class Mail Yard Debris		1069,38 2179.33 25067,15 13838.84	tons tons tons tons
Corrugated Cardboard Newspapers Office Paper Magazines/3rd Class Mail Yard Debris -grass		1069,38 2179.33 25067.15 13838.84 4151.65	tons tons tons tons tons tons tons
Corrugated Cardboard Newspapers Office Paper Aagazines/3rd Class Mail (ard Debris -grass -leaves -branches		1069,38 2179,33 25067.15 13838.84 4151.65 4151.65	tons tons tons tons tons tons tons tons
Corrugated Cardboard Newspapers Office Paper Magazines/3rd Class Mail fard Debris -grass -leaves -branches Cool Waste		1069,38 2179,33 25067.15 13838.84 4151.65 4151.65 5535.54	tons tons tons tons tons tons tons tons
Corrugated Cardboard iewspapers Office Paper fagazines/3rd Class Mail fard Debris grass -leaves -branches ood Waste liosolids		1069,38 2179,33 25067.15 13838.84 4151.65 4151.65 5535.54 23697.06	tons tons tons tons tons tons tons tons
Corrugated Cardboard Newspapers Office Paper Magazines/3rd Class Mail (ard Debris -grass		1069,38 2179,33 25067.15 13838.84 4151.65 4151.65 5535.54 23697.06 77203.10	tons tons tons tons tons tons tons tons
Corrugated Cardboard Newspapers Office Paper Magazines/3rd Class Mail fard Debris -grass -leaves -branches -cod Waste Biosolids Rest, Grease/Animal Matter		1069,38 2179,33 25067.15 13838.84 4151.65 4151.65 5535.54 23697.06 77203.10 24738.05	tons tons tons tons tons tons tons tons

# **Collection and Transportation Data, WC--W**

Source Contact: WM	YEAR: 2014
Name	Greg Martinelli
Title	Area Manager
Department	Waste Management Northern California-Nevada Area
Telephone	775-326-2322
Email	gmartinelli@wm.com

Collection and Transportation Data.pdf

https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/0B\_NzLa2wYhsgdFpWWHNWcVIJalk

Vehicle Type	Rear Load	Front Load	Side Load	Roll Off
Fuel Type	Diesel (94 trucks)	CNG (18 trucks)		
AVG MPG	8	6		
Avg. Miles to Disposal Site	17	miles		

WC VMT	5305296.90
-Diesel	4452659.90
CNG	852637.00

# 2014 TRI Lockwood Landfill Report--EPA/WM

Source Contact: Waste Management	YEAR: 2014	<b>Current Waste Disposal Quantity Determination</b>	Details
Name	Christoper Anderson&Joe Beard	Reporting Year	2014
itle	District Manager/Environmental Prote		953,317.815 MT
epartment	Lockwood Regional Landfill	Method Used to Determine Quantity	Use scales to weigh loads befo
elephone	775-343-7372/775-342-7906	Annual Waste Disposal Quantity	953,317 MT
mail	cander14@wm.com	Litzani, Salaria de la Caracia	
	jbeard4@wm.com		
2016 EPA TRI Lockwood Landfill Report_online	*Has t	otal annual waste disposal quantities for 1969-2014 from	pgs. 6-23
https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/0B_NzLa2wYhsgdFp\	VWHNWcVlJalk		
andfill Location: Storey County		_	
6 of Landfill Waste from Reno/WC: 50-66	1052.8 MMS0		
014 Total Landfill Gas Flow Produced  Methane Concentration	51.57 %	·F	
	51.57 % 530.6 MMS0	75	
014 Gas Flow Flared		·	
-Methane Concentration	51,5 % 522,2 MMS0		
2014 Gas Flow Recaptured and Sent to the Renewable Engin	791	of	
Methane Concentration	51,6 % 24568 MWH	-	
014 Energy Sold to NV Energy	24568 IMWH		
acility Name		Facility Site Details	
lefuse IncLockwood Landfill		CO2 Equivalent Emissions	00 000 2 2
acility Identifier		From Facility Subparts C-II, SS, and TT	89,990.2 M
teporting Year	2014	From Supplier Subparts LL-QQ	-м
acility Location		Biogenic CO2 Emissions	
Address	1491 Canyon Way	From Facility Subparts C-II, SS, and TT	14,059.3 M
lity	Lockwood	Cogeneration Unit Emissions Indicator	
tate	NV	Reporting Dates	All take
Postal Code	89434	Start Date	1/1/201
Parent Company Details		-Elio Data	12/04/201
Parent Company Name	Waste Management, Inc. (WM)	Description of Changes to Methodology	
Address	1001 Fannin, Suite 4000	Part 75 Biogenic Emissions Indication:	W
ity	Houston	Plant Code Indicator	
tate	тх	-Primary NAICS Code	56221
Postal Code	77002	-Second Primary NAICS Code	
Percent Ownership Interest	100%	-Additional NAICS Codes	
subpart C: General Stationary Fuel Combustion  Sas Information Details			
Gas Name	Gas Quantity (MT)		
Carbon Dioxide (CO2)	242.60		
Biogenic Carbon Dioxide (CO2)	14,059.30		
Methane (CH4)	0.87		
Nitrous Oxide (N2O)	0.17		
Init Details	пропиторы	Unit Details	PROPRIEDOC?
Jnit Name	PROPHTRO01	Unit Name	PROPHTR002
Init Type	CH (Comfort heater)	Unit Type	CH (Comfort heater)
Init Description	-	Unit Description	
ndividual Unit Detail		Individual Unit Detail	
se lyt Indicator	N	Use lyt Indicator	N n n n n n n n
	0.2020 (mmBtu/hr)	Max. Rated Heat Input Capacity	0.2020 (mm8tu/hr)
Max. Rated Heat Input Capacity		Emission Details	
Max. Rated Heat Input Capacity imission Details			0 MT
Max. Rated Heat Input Capacity  imission Details  Annual CO2 mass Emissions from sorbent	0 МТ	Annual CO2 mass Emissions from sorbent	
Max. Rated Heat Input Capacity  Emission Details  Annual CO2 mass Emissions from sorbent	o MT	Annual Biogenic CO2 Emissions	о мт
Max. Rated Heat Input Capacity  imission Details  Annual CO2 mass Emissions from sorbent  Annual Biogenic CO2 Emissions			
Max. Rated Heat Input Capacity  mission Details  innual CO2 mass Emissions from sorbent  innual Biogenic CO2 Emissions	0 MT	Annual Biogenic CO2 Emissions	о мт
Max. Rated Heat Input Capacity  Emission Details  Annual CO2 mass Emissions from sorbent  Annual Biogenic CO2 Emissions  Annual Fossil fuel based CO2 Emissions  Ther Fuel Details	0 MT	Annual Biogenic CO2 Emissions	о мт

Tier Name	Tier 1 (Equation C-1)	Tier Name	Tier 1 (Equation C-1)
Tier Methodology Start Date	1/1/2014	Tier Methodology Start Date	1/1/2014
Tier Methodology End Date	12/31/2014	Tier Methodology End Date	12/31/2014
Equation C1/C8 inputs		Equation C1/C8 inputs	
Fuel Quantity	703,306_836248 (scf/yr)	Fuel Quantity	703,306_836248 (scf/yr)
Fuel Emission Details		Fuel Emission Details	
Total CO2 Emissions	108.8 MT	Total CO2 Emissions	108,8 MT
Total CH4 Emissions	омт	Total CH4 Emissions	0 MT
Total N2O Emissions	омт	Total N2O Emissions	0 MT
Total CH4 Emissions CO2e	омт	Total CH4 Emissions CO2e	0 MT
Total N2O Emissions CO2e	OMT	Total N2O Emissions CO2e	0 MT
Unit Details		Unit Details	
Unit Name	SCRNENG001	Unit Name	PUMP001
Unit Type	OCS (Other combustion source)	Unit Type	OCS (Other combustion source
Unit Description	4.	Unit Description	+
Individual Unit Detail		Individual Unit Detail	
Use Ivt Indicator	N	Use lvt Indicator	N
Max. Rated Heat Input Capacity	1,3211680 (mmBtu/hr)	Max. Rated Heat Input Capacity	0.0407510 (mmBtu/hr)
Emission Details	1,3211080 (Hillibrayili)	Emission Details	0.0407310 (Пипьса/П)
Annual CO2 mass Emissions from sorbent	0 MT	Annual CO2 mass Emissions from sorbent	0 MT
Annual Biogenic CO2 Emissions	0 MT	Annual CO2 mass Emissions from sorbent Annual Biogenic CO2 Emissions	
Annual Fossil fuel based CO2 Emissions	MT	Annual Fossil fuel based CO2 Emissions	0 MT
Allitual Fossis fuel based CO2 CITISSIONS	IV  I	Annual Possil fuel based CO2 Emissions	MT
Tier Fuel Details		Tier Fuel Details	
Fuel	Distillate Fuel Oil No.2	Fuel	Motor Gasoline
Tier Name	Tier 1 (Equation C-1)	Tier Name	Tier 1 (Equation C-1)
Tier Methodology Start Date	1/1/2014	Tier Methodology Start Date	1/1/2014
Tier Methodology End Date	12/31/2014	Tier Methodology End Date	12/31/2014
Equation C1/C8 Inputs	12/31/2014		12/31/2014
Fuel Quantity	0 (gallons/yr)	Equation C1/C8 Inputs	2 555 000152 (11()
Fuel Emission Details	o (ganons) yr)	Fuel Quantity Fuel Emission Details	2,855 900152 (gallons/yr)
Total CO2 Emissions	омт	Total CO2 Emissions	25 1 847
Total CH4 Emissions	0 MT		25.1 MT
Total N2O Emissions	0 MT	Total CH4 Emissions	0 MT
Total CH4 Emissions CO2e		Total N2O Emissions	0 MT
Total N2O Emissions CO2e	0 MT	Total CH4 Emissions CO2e	0,03 MT
Total N2O Ellissions CO2E	0 MT	Total N2O Emissions CO2e	0 064 MT
Unit Detalls			
Unit Name	CP-1		
Unit Type			
Unit Description	=		
Individual Unit Detail	_ 2		
Use Ivt Indicator	N		
Max. Rated Heat Input Capacity	180 (mmBtu/hr)		
Emission Details			
Annual CO2 mass Emissions from sorbent	омт		
Annual Biogenic CO2 Emissions	14,059.3 MT		
Annual Fossil fuel based CO2 Emissions	о мт		
		SUC- ECAN-14 AVII AVII AVII AVII AVII AVII AVII AVI	
Tier Fuel Details		er 2 Monthly HHV Details	
Fuel	Landfill Gas Ja		
Tier Name	Tier 2 (Equation C-2a)		
Tier Methodology Start Date	1/1/2014 M		
Tier Methodology End Date	12/31/2014 Ap	orii N	
Frequency of HHV determinations	Quarterly Ma	N N	
Equation C1/C8 Inputs	Ju	ne N	
Fuel Quantity	522,916,000 (scf/yr) Ju	ly. N	
Use Default High Heat Value	TRUE Au	ıg. N	
High Heat Value			
	0.00051635 (mmBtu/scf) Se	ept. N	
Fuel Emission Details	0.00051635 (mmBtu/scf) Se		
		n N	

Total N2O Emissions	0.17 MT	
Total CH4 Emissions CO2e	21,6 MT	
Total N2O Emissions CO2e	50,691 MT	

Subpart HH: Municipal Solid Waste Landfills			
Gas Information Details			
Gas Name	Gas Quantity (MT)		
Methane (CH4)	3,587.01		
Landfill Details	The range of the control of the cont	Aeration Details	
Is the landfill open?	Yes	Aeration Blower Capacity	NA
Estimated Year Landfill Closure	2149	Landfill Fraction Affected by Aeration	NA
Starting Year for Accepting Waste	1,969.00	Aeration Blower Operation Hours	NA
First Year of Emissions Reporting	2010	Other MCF Factors	NA
Leachate Recirculation Used during Reporting Year	No	Additional Descripton	NA
Typical Frequency of Use for Leachate Recirculation System	Not used for the past 10 yrs	***	
Scales are present at the landfill in the Reporting Year	Yes	Current Waste Disposel Quantity Determination Det	alls
Does the landfill have a landfill gas collection system?	Yes	Reporting Year	2014
Passive vents and/or flares are present	No	Total Annual Waste Disposal Quantity	953,317.815 MT
Landfill Capacity	289,861,424.808037 MT	Method Used to Determine Quantity	Use scales to weigh loads before
Total Surface Area of the landfill containing waste	1,169,566.976932 m^2	Annual Waste Disposal Quantity	953,317 MT
Covertype Details			
Clay Cover	4,046.78 m^2	Waste Type Details	
Sand Cover	1,165,472.87 m^2	Year Waste Disposed	2014
		Missing data procedure used?	No
		Number of Times Substituted	<u>.</u>
		Waste Type Details	
		Option Waste Type	0.057621
		Methan Fraction Determination Method	0
		Methane Fraction Determination Value	0.50
		An MCF value other than the default of 1 was used	0
		Annual MCF Value	0.942379
		Percent by Weight	0.20
		Degradable Organic Carbon Value	0,5
		Fraction of DOC Dissimilated Decay Rate	0.02

### SOLID WASTE REPORT/QUARTERLY-WASTE MANAGEMENT

LOCKWOOD REGIONAL LANDFILL, STOREY COUNTY

	-						2014 TOTALS	Received from Collin Pavelchil
Source Contact: Waste Management	YEAR: 2014			Residential & Commercial	Industrial & Special Waste	Landill Totals	MSW	73178
Name	Christoper Anderson	2014 TOTALS		742,140,4	5 226,530,92	968,671,37	C & D	258251
Title	District Manager	Percentage of	f the landfill (%)	76,6	1 23.39	100.00	INERT	60551
Department	Lockwood Regional Landfill	2014 WASHOE	COUNTY TOTALS	437,151_1	1 134,511.55	571,652,66		
Telephone	775-343-7372	-Percentage of the landfill (%)		45,1:	3 13.89	59.02		
Email	cander14@wm.com	WASHOE COUN	VTY WIM VEHICLE TOTAL	430,993,7	0		51	
			Portion by Diesel	362034,7	i			
2014 WM SolidWasteReport_(Q1,Q2,	Q3,Q4)_Christopher Anderson	pdf	Portion by CNG	68958.99				
Reno WAR VEHICLE TOTALS		301695,55	9					
			Portion by Diesel	253424,30	<u> </u>			
			Portion by CNG	48271.29				

			*assuming that similar per	centage of Industrial & Spi	most Waste for WC		
RESIDENTIAL & COMMERCIAL WA	STE GUARTER 1		Ti of Total for Quarter	INDUSTRIAL & SPECIAL V	ASTE QUARTER 1		
County and State of Origin	Commercial Vehicles	Private Vehicles Units		Industrial Waste	Uncompacted Quantity Units	VVC Industrial Portion	tinits
STOREY COUNTY, NEVADA ***	805.34	0,15 TONS		Sludge	10,449.75 TONS	34966.91	3481 Tons
WASHOE COUNTY, NEVADA	98,424.89	1,051,95 TONS	59.58869317	Tires	137.78 TONS	DE LA COLONIA	RIVER
SAERAMENTO COUNTY, CA	22,899,37	TONS		Hydrocarbon Soil: Include Soil <600 P.P.M.	es 0,00 TONS		
EL DORADO COUNTY, CA	7,623,91	TONS		Hydrocarbon Soil:≥600 P.P.M.	48.00 TONS		
DOUGLAS COUNTY, NV	7,040,21	TONS	AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY OF THE		TONS		
LYON COUNTY, NV	9,981,53	TONS	A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH	Ash	3,698,88 TONS		
CHURCHILL COUNTY, NV	0.00	TONS		Asbestos Friable & non- Friable	257.88 TONS		
PLUMAS COUNTY, CA	3,244.90	TONS		Construction & Demonlition Waste	44,088,28 TONS		
NEVADA COUNTY, CA	15,759.46	TONS				The state of the state of	
MODOC COUNTY, CA	1,159,51	TONS		1		A	
MINERAL COUNTY, NV	0,00	TONS	THE PARTY OF THE P				
FOULUMNE COUNTY, CA	NA	TONS				Reno Quarter 1 Totals [1]	Linits:
AMADOR COUNTY, CA	NA	TONS		1		9411	0.68 Tons
						WC Guarter 1 Totals	Write
TOTAL	166,939.12	1,052.10 TONS		TOTAL	58,680.57 TONS	134,44	3.82 Tons

RESIDENTIAL IS COMMERCIAL WAS	TE QUARTER 2		56 of Fotal for Quarter	INDUSTRIAL & SPECIAL WA	STE QUARTER 2		
County and State of Origin	Commercial Vehicles	Private Vehicles Units		Industrial Waste	Uncompacted Quantity Units	WC Industrial Fortion	Units
STOREY COUNTY, NEVADA ***	932.11	0.00 TONS		Sludge	11,943.73 TONS	34824.49	317 Tons
WASHOE COUNTY, NEVADA	118,943.60	2,799,29 TONS	61.94375331	Tires	179.51 TONS	3-11-12	
SACRAMENTO COUNTY, CA	22,771,12	TONS		Hydrocarbon Soil: Includes Soil <600 P.P.M.	0,00 TONS	Library of	
L DORADO COUNTY, CA	9,275.29	TONS		Hydrocarbon Soil:≥600 P.P.M.	822,00 TONS	The state of	
OOUGLAS COUNTY, NV	7,790,60	TONS			TONS		
YON COUNTY, NV	11,224.19	TONS		Ash	0,00 TONS		
HURCHILL COUNTY, NV	0,00	TONS		Asbestos Friable & non- Friable	629,50 TONS		
LUMAS COUNTY, CA	4,590.26	TONS		Construction & Demonlition Waste	42,644,80 TONS		
NEVADA COUNTY, CA	19,376 49	TONS	No. of the second				
MODOC COUNTY, CA	1,386.78	TONS				2 1 5	
MINERAL COUNTY, NV	0.00	TONS				1 1 5 1/2	
OULUMNE COUNTY, CA	NA	TONS				Reno Quarter 2 Totals [2]	Units
MADOR COUNTY, CA	NA	TONS				109597	17 Tons
ASSEN COUNTY, CA	247-36					WC Quarter 2 Totals	Units
OTAL	196,537.80	2,799.29 TONS		TOTAL	56,219.54 TONS	156,567	38 Tons

RESIDENTIAL & COMMERCIAL WAS	TE QUARTER-3		% of Total for Guarter	INDOSTRIAL & SPECIAL W	ASTE QUARTER 3		
County and State of Origin	Commercial Vehicles	Private Vehicles Units		Industrial Waste	Uncompacted Quantity Units	WC Industrial Fortion	Units
STOREY COUNTY, NEVADA ***	962,33	0,00 TONS		Sludge	12,511,23 TONS	35573.026	44 Tons
WASHOE COUNTY, NEVADA	114,627.52	1,286 98 TONS	58.31819589	Tires	259 18 TONS		
SACRAMENTO COUNTY, CA	21,526.68	TONS		Hydrocarbon Soil: Include Soil <600 P.P.M.	0,00 TONS		
EL DORADO COUNTY, CA	12,738,12	TONS		Hydrocarbon Soil:≥600 P.P.M.	127,50 TONS		
DOUGLAS COUNTY, NV	8,595,76	TONS			TONS		
LYON COUNTY, NV	11,554,20	TONS	V AT IT SHELL THE	Ash	25.05 TONS		
CHURCHILL COUNTY, NV	0.00	TONS		Asbestos Friable & non- Friable	1,135,50 TONS		
PLUMAS COUNTY, CA	4,976.25	TONS	Carlotte Pa	Construction & Demonlition Waste	46,939.70 TONS		
NEVADA COUNTY, CA	22,310,96	TONS					
MODOC COUNTY, CA	1,470.33	TONS				S TO THE ST	
MINERAL COUNTY, NV	0,00	TONS					
FOULUMNE COUNTY, CA	0.00	TONS	C. PERMIT			Reno Quirter 3 Totals [3]	Units
AMADOR COUNTY, CA	NA	TONS				106041	27 Tons
ASSEN COUNTY, CA	0			1		WC Quarter 5 Totals	Units

TOTAL	198,762.1	5 1,286.98 TONS	100	TOTAL	60,998.16 TONS	151,487.53 Ton	E
RESIDENTIAL & COMMERCIAL WAS	STE QUARTER 4		% of Total for Quarter	INDUSTRIAL & SPECIAL WA	STE QUARTER 4		
County and State of Origin	Commercial Vehicles	Private Vehicles Units		Industrial Waste	Uncompacted Quantity Units	WC Industrial Portion Unit	
STOREY COUNTY, NEVADA ***	885.3	6 0.00 TONS		Sludge	2,106.75 TONS	29147.04925 Ton	£.
WASHOE COUNTY, NEVADA	98,997.6	9 1,019,19 TONS	57.56571946	Tires	293.59 TONS		
SACRAMENTO COUNTY, CA	22,391.6	1 TONS		Hydrocarbon Soil: Includes Soil <600 P.P.M.	216,00 TONS		
L DORADO COUNTY, CA	9,289.8	8 TONS	T S-U-S	Hydrocarbon Soil:≥600 P.P.M.	136.50 TONS		
OOUGLAS COUNTY, NV	7,518.9	8 TONS			TONS		
YON COUNTY, NV	10,558.8	8 TONS	The second second	Ash	22.6B TONS		
CHURCHILL COUNTY, NV	0.0	0 TONS		Asbestos Friable & non- Friable	1,031.95 TONS		
PLUMAS COUNTY, CA	3,483.8	3 TONS		Construction & Demonlition Waste	46,825.18 TONS		
NEVADA COUNTY, CA	19,386.6	6 TONS				A SECTION AND PERSONS AND	
MODOC COUNTY, CA	1,230.9	3 TONS					
MINERAL COUNTY, NV	0,0	0 TONS	NAME OF TAXABLE PARTY.				
OULUMNE COUNTY, CA	NA	TONS		1		Remo Quarter 4 Totals (4) Umf	4
AMADOR COUNTY, CA	NA	TONS				90414.75 Ton	2
						WC Quarter 4 Totals Unit	
TOTAL	173,743.8	2 1,019.19 TONS		TOTAL	50,632,65 TONS	129,163.93 Ton	S (

- [1] Assumed Reno 70% of WC waste...told assumption was safe by Greg Martinelli (Lockwood)
- [2] Assumed Reno 70% of WC waste...told assumption was safe by Greg Martinelli (Lockwood)
- [3] Assumed Reno 70% of WC waste...told assumption was safe by Greg Martinelli (Lockwood)
- [4] Assumed Reno 70% of WC waste...told assumption was safe by Greg Martinelli (Lockwood)

#### SOLID WASTE REPORT/QUARTERLY-WASTE MANAGEMENT Residential LOCKWOOD REGIONAL LANDFILL, STOREY COUNTY 2014-2015 RENO WM volumes xisx 2014 Reno Solid Waste\_WM\_Greg\_Martinelli.xlsx 32 Gallons 4350 Christoper Anderson 16505 \*1 ton + 1 332 cubic yards 35 Gallons District Manager 64 Gallons 14102 Lockwood Regional Landfill 5017 96 Gallons 59612 47597 775-343-7372 61699 433,089 tons (for 2014) Grand Total cander14@wm.com 63,197 62,846 63,597 63,691 63,809 63,838 32 gallons 4,140 4,283 4,416 4,478 4,585 4,290 4.140 4,381 35 gallons 16577 67,737 66,568 67,487 67,262 67,737 68,072 68.287 68,423 64 gallons 5045 14108 96 gallons 60101 47691 25.06 25.11 25.08 25.00 24.86 24.98 25.18 24.74 61799 109034.43 107152.72 108632.01 108259.84 86764 **Grand Total** 13,615 13,172 13,193 13,782 13,863 13,639 1.150 1.238 1.299 1.499 1.626 1.651 1,661 1,135 1,114 1,279 1,478 1,621 1,803 1,881 5,262 5,646 5,809 6,138 6,481 6,693 5,826 37424.37 27406.24 41,938 42,574 42,545 42,141 42,596 42,119 42,368 75% 75% 75% 75% 75% 75% 75% 100.141 98,862 90,819 88,630 96,335 107,860 104,047 9,757 10,784 10,626 9,934 6,908 5.430 5,616 3,166 3,290 3,288 3,792 3,899 4,205 5,112 34 432 57 671.9 543 139 1309 169 526.4 776.7 1,133.5 832.4 1029.2 568.8 761.1 709 76 82.3 69.0 584.8 514.7 484.7 914.1 139.3 134.8 107,7 105.3 172,2 32 101 140.4 85.4 50.7 52.6 49.3 103.9 132.2 47.5 39.5 52.6 74.7 93.6 48.1 97.4 35 39.5 97.5 108.2 158-8 64 1151 3.3 85.8 181.9 926 307 38.0 46.1 99.0 60.1 10 749 Grand Total 5208 66.5 52.6 42.7 106.9 109.2 108.2 163.4 9.5 78.9 198.8 161.2 763.0 1,293.0 23.0 809.2 658.9 376,5 582-0 183.6 345.5 792.4 731.5 904.6 1165,7 1230.3 Total 2916.4 3792.5 3899.2 4204.6 5112.2 3,166.1 3,290.1 446 9.5 6.0 8.32 8.35 11,34 7.6 39.4 37.5 33.35 40 18 38.18 34,90 585 143 1825 227 11 82 474 859 1,068 1,068 819 520 204 32 345 35 2,367 2,053 2,418 2.538 3.219 3.164 36 64 538 2362 309 325 3.794 3,702 2592 450 2,676 2,378 2,745 2,903 Total 15 962 9086 Grand Total

3465.92

62.00

31724.23

Final destinations for recycling streams:

Newspaper-Newburg: Oregon & China\_x000D\_
Office Paper: Halsey, Oregon, China & Mexico\_x000D\_
Glass: Sacramento, California\_x000D\_
Aluminum cans: Muscle Shoals, Alabama\_x000D\_
Cardboard-Longview: Washington & China
Steel Cans: Manhattan Beach, California
Plastics: China
Other fibers: China

[1] data unavailable, so used Q1-2015 numbers

# Commercial/Industrial Energy, Reno--NV Energy

Source Contact: NV Energy	YEAR:2014
Name	Candice Payette
Title	Major Account Executive
Department	Major Accounts
Telephone	775-834-5742
Email	cpayette@nvenergy.com

https://www.nvenergy.com/company/rates/nnv/electric/schedules/

	and the same of the same states		THE PROPERTY OF THE PARTY OF	
SOURCE 2014	NV/Energy	K/W/H	Isage	Towncode Candice Payette

Record Name	Sector	Usage	Units	Notes
NEV_GS1: Small General Service	5	239824764.90	kWh	Reno
NEV_GS2: Medium General Service	?	38462916.29	kWh	Reno
NEV GS2 TOU: Medium General Service_Time	?	10589674.00		Reno
NEV_GS2P: Medium General Service_Primary S		5117943.53		Reno
NEV_GS2P_TOU: Medium General Service_Pri	?	3779948.00	kWh	Reno
NEV_GS2S: Medium General Service_Secondar	?	535867889.70	kWh	Reno
NEV_GS2S_TOU: Medium General Service_Seco		176985640.00	kWh	Reno
NEV_GS2T: Medium General Service_Transmiss		0.00	kWh	Reno
NEV_GS3_TOU: Large General Service_Time of	?	26120426.26	kWh	Reno
NEV_GS3P_TOU: Large General Service_Primar		180588991.00	kWh	Reno
NEV_GS3S_TOU: Large General Service_Second		247367158.70		Reno
NEV_GS3T_TOU: Large General Service_Transm		360059.00	kWh	Reno
NEV_GS4_TOU: Large Transmission Service_Ti	?	30543840.00	kWh	Reno
NEV_IS1: Irrigation Service	?	261358.00	kWh	Reno
NEV_IS2: Interruptible Irrigation Service	?	0.00	kWh	Reno
NEV_LSR1_GS2: Large Standby Service Rider_M	?	0.00	kWh	Reno
NEV_LSR1_GS2T: Large Standby Service Rider_	?	0.00	kWh	Reno
NEV_LSR2_GS3: Large Standby Service Rider_La	?	0.00	kWh	Reno
NEV_LSR2_GS3T: Large Standby Service Rider_L	?	5841.00	kWh	Reno
NEV_OGS1_TOU: Optional General Service_Tim	?	4397760.00	kWh	Reno
NEV_OGS2_TOU: Optional Medium General Ser	?	3775082.00	kWh	Reno
NEV_OGS2S_TOU: Optional Medium General S	?	74605639.00	kWh	Reno
NEV_OLS_C: Outdoor Ligting Service_Commerc	?	1147382.74	kWh	Reno
NEV_SSR2_GS1: Small Standby Service Rider_G	?	0.00	kWh	Reno
NEV_SSR3_GS2: Small Standby Service Rider_	?	0.00	kWh	Reno
NEV_SSR3_GS2P	?	0.00	kWh	Reno
NEV_SSR3_GS2T: Small Standby Service Rider_	?	0.00	kWh	Reno
NEV_STLT	?	7313307.00	kWh	Reno
Totals		1,587,115,621.12	kWh	
	WC Totals	2,282,107,872.30	kWh	

### Raw Data\_Stationary Energy

Reno % of WC	69.55 %	
Average Industrial % of Usag [1]	14.69 kWh 🚌	uivalent 233085146.28
Average Commercial % of Usage	85.31 kWh Equ	uivalent 1354030474.84

### Raw Data\_Stationary Energy

[1] calculated from percentage of gas usage...assumed similar percentage of electricity

# Commercial/Industrial Energy, Washoe County--NV Energy

Source Contact: NV Energy	YEAR:2014
Name	Candice Payette
Title	Major Account Executive
Department	Major Accounts
Telephone	775-834-5742
Email	cpayette@nvenergy.com

https://www.nvenergy.com/company/rates/nnv/electric/schedules/ Source: 2014\_NVEnergy\_KWH\_Usage\_Towncode Candice Payette

Record Name	Sector	Usage	Units	Notes
NEV_GS1: Small General Service	?	382272263.90	kWh	wc

NEV_GS1: Small General Service	3	382272263.90	kWh	wc
NEW CC2. Madisum Consent Co.	2	64220551 55	1111	
NEV_GS2: Medium General Service	?	64220391.52		WC
NEV_GS2_TOU: Medium General Ser		17087298.67		wc
NEV_GS2P: Medium General Service		5533275.53		wc
NEV_GS2P_TOU: Medium General S		12791345.00		wc
NEV_GS2S: Medium General Service		792954474.50		wc
NEV_GS2S_TOU: Medium General S		251268613.30	kWh	wc
NEV_GS2T: Medium General Service	?	1278577.00	kWh	WC
NEV_GS3_TOU: Large General Servic	?	35447601.26	kWh	wc
NEV_GS3P_TOU: Large General Servi	?	217890713.00	kWh	wc
NEV_GS3S_TOU: Large General Servi	?	319445928.70		wc
NEV_GS3T_TOU: Large General Servi	?	360059.00	kWh	wc
NEV_GS4_TOU: Large Transmission S	?	30543840.00	kWh	wc
NEV_IS1: Irrigation Service	?	3189896.00	kWh	wc
NEV_IS2: Interruptible Irrigation Serv	?	55817.45		wc
NEV_LSR1_GS2: Large Standby Servi	?	17742.00	kWh	wc
NEV_LSR1_GS2T: Large Standby Serv	?	105874.00	kWh	wc
NEV_LSR2_GS3: Large Standby Servi	?	3933.00	kWh	wc
NEV_LSR2_GS3T: Large Standby Serv	?	14735.00	kWh	wc
NEV_OGS1_TOU: Optional General S	?	7689294.00	kWh	wc
NEV_OGS2_TOU: Optional Medium	?	7235852.00	kWh	wc
NEV_OGS2S_TOU: Optional Medium	?	119544098.00	kWh	wc
NEV_OLS_C: Outdoor Ligting Service	?	1842545.07	kWh	wc
NEV_SSR2_GS1: Small Standby Servi	?	2303.00	kWh	wc
NEV_SSR3_GS2: Small Standby Servi	?	0.00	kWh	wc
NEV_SSR3_GS2P	?	0.00	kWh	wc
NEV_SSR3_GS2T: Small Standby Serv	?	91.00	kWh	wc
NEV_STLT	?	11311310.40	kWh	wc
Totals		2,282,107,872.30	kWh	

### Raw Data\_Stationary Energy

Average Commercial % of Usage 85.31 kWh Equivalent 1946955574.53

<ul><li>[1] calculated from percentage of gas usageassumed similar percentag</li></ul>	e of electricity
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## Energy Profile, Washoe County--EPA eGrid

Source Contact: EPA eGri	YEAR:2014	
Region	ERCOT All	
Power Company	Sierra Pacific Power Co.	

\*chose Texas (ERCOT All) as energy fuel mix as much closer than WECC Northwest, which includes Oregon, Washington

https://oaspub.epa.gov/	powpro/ept_pack.charts		
ERCOT All		National	
Fuel Mix	Percentage (%)	Fuel Mix	Percentage (%)
Non-Hydro Renewables	8.5	Non-Hydro Renewables	5.4
Hydro	0	Hydro	6.7
Nuclear	10.7	Nuclear	19
Oil	0.9	Oil	0.7
Gas	49	Gas	30.3

<b>Emission Rate Compariso</b>	ERCOT All	National	
Nitrogen Oxides (NOx)	0.6	0.9	lbs/MWh
Sulfur Dioxide (SO2)	1.9	1.9	lbs/MWh
Carbon Dioxide (CO2)	1143	1137	lbs/MWh

https://www.epa.gov/sites/production/files/2015-10/documents/egrid2012\_ghgoutputrates\_0.pdf

37.4

		Amilyai 1	Aimoai Total Output Emission Rates			Annual Non-baseload Output Emission Rates		
eGRID Subregion Acrony	eGRID Subregion Nam	CO2 (lbs/MWh)	CH4 (lbs/GWh)	N2O (lbs/GWh)	CO2 (lbs/MWh)	CH4 (lbs/GWh)	N2O (lbs/GWh)	
ERCT	ERCOT All	1143.04	16.7	12.33	1280.59	21.53	10.71	

#### Fuel Usage of Washoe County--Washoe County

Source Contact: Washoe County	YEAR: 2014	
Name	Yann Ling-Barnes	
Title	Environmental Engineer	
Department:	Health District/Air Quality	
Telephone	775-784-7208	
Email	ylbarnes@washoecounty.us	

2014 WC Energy Data by Providers Yann Ling.xlsx
(Therms \* 100,000) / BTU's per Standard Cubic Feet = Standard Cubic Feet

HA 87 = Truckee Meadows

Record Name	Sector	Usage	Type of Gas	Units	Fuel Name	Usage	Units	Notes
Compress NG_Outlying		6,217	Natural Gas	Standard Cubic Feet				
LG Com/Ind NG_Outlying	Comm/Industrial	3,451,851	Natural Gas	Standard Cubic Feet			OLI IO L.	
LPG-Residential_Outlying	Residential		1	*	LPG	1755	Standard Cubic Feet	
Residential NG_Outlying	Residential	24,432,733	Natural Gas	Standard Cubic Feet				
Sm/Med Comm NG_Outlying	Commercial	4,407,763	Natural Gas	Standard Cubic Feet		- N		
								100
Compress NG_Truckee Meadows		362,871	Natural Gas	Standard Cubic Feet		#11 #17		
LG Com/Ind NG_Truckee Meadows	Comm/Industrial	11,670,386	Natural Gas	Standard Cubic Feet		4 1	2 10 10 10	
LPG-Commercial_Truckee Meadows	Commercial		1	1	LPG	22,317	Standard Cubic Feet	
LPG-Residential_Truckee Meadows	Residential				LPG	193,425	Standard Cubic Feet	
Residential NG_Truckee Meadows	Residential	59,056,269	Natural Gas		5.72		***************************************	
SCNG_Truckee Meadows	Commercial(?)	35,332,792	Natural Gas					
Washoe County Totals		138,720,877	'Natural Gas	'Standard Cubic Feet	LPG	217,497	Standard Cubic Feet	

Residential NG Totals 83,489,002 Comm/Industrial NG Totals 55,231,875 Residential LPG Totals 195180 Comm/Industrial LPG Tota 22317

## Fuel Usage of Washoe County--Washoe County

Source Contact: Washoe County	YEAR: 2014
Name	Yann Ling-Barnes
Title	Environmental Engineer
Department	Health District/Air Quality
Telephone	775-784-7208
Email	ylbarnes@washoecounty.us
2014 WC Stat Fuel Usage_Yann Ling xlsx	
HA R7 = Truckee Meadows	

			Natural Gas Usage			Other Gas Usage		
Record Name	Sector	Usage	Type of Gas	Units	Fuel Name	Usage	Units	
Industrial_Distillate Oil	Industrial				Distillate Oil	35,567	gal	
Industrial_Natural Gas	Industrial	1,477,147.072	Natural Gas	MMBtu				
Industrial_LPG	Industrial				LPG	131,315	gal	
Industrial_Kerosene	Industrial				Kerosene	205	gal	
Com/Institutional_Distillate Oil	Com/Institutional	5655 35 3 E 5 G E 5 G	MAATTATA	217	Distillate Oil	121,180	gal	
Com/Institutional_Natural Gas	Com/institutional	4,206,471.894	Natural Gas	MMBtu				
Com/Institutional_LPG	Com/Institutional				LPG	2,280,720	gal	
Com/Institutional_Kerosene	Com/institutional	and carbon bound	100000000000		Kerosene	2,370,585	gai	
Residentîal_Distillate Oil	Residential	A = =			Distillate Oil	3,546,601	gal	
Residential_Natural Gas	Residential	9,062,988.430	Natural Gas	MMBtu				
Residential_LPG	Residential				LPG	5,073,560	gal	
Residential_Kerosene	Residential				Kerosene	526,323	gal	
WC Totals		14,746,607.396		MMBtu		14,086,055	gal	

Total Industrial/Com	5,683,618.966	scf	Total Industrial/Com	4,939,571	gal
% Industrial	25.99		% Industrial	3,38	
% Commercial	74_01		% Commercial	96:62	

Average Industrial % of Usage	14.69
Average Commercial % of Usage	85.31

Reno % of WC [1]		9.55 %					
			Natural Gas Usage		Other Gas Usage		
Record Name	Sector	Usage	Type of Gas	Units	Fuel Name	Usage	Units
Industrial_Distillate Oil	Industrial				Distillate Oil	24,735.440	gal
Industrial_Natural Gas	Industrial	1,027,297.272	Natural Gas	MMBtu	SIL S		
Industrial_LPG	Industrial				LPG	91,324.57	gal
Industrial_Kerosene	Industrial				Kerosene	142.26	gal
Com/Institutional_Distillate Oil	Com/Institutional				Distillate Oil	84,275.674	gal
Com/Institutional_Natural Gas	Com/Institutional	2,925,434.566	Natural Gas	MMBtu			
Com/Institutional_LPG	Com/Institutional				LPG	1,586,150.57	gal
Com/Institutional_Kerosene	Com/Institutional			Lect delections are	Kerosene	1,648,647.61	gal
Residential_Distillate Oil	Residential				Distillate Oil	2,466,520.378	gal
Residential_Natural Gas	Residential	6,302,949.429	Natural Gas	MMBtu			
Residential_LPG	Residential				LPG	3,528,459.909	gal
Residential_Kerosene	Residential				Kerosene	366,036.59	gal
Reno Totals [2]		10,255,681.268		MMBtu		9,796,293.025	gal

- [1] These are estimates based on percentages of Reno electricity use out of WC
- [2] These are estimates based on percentages of Reno electricity use out of WC

# Residential Energy, Reno--NV Energy

Source Contact: NV Energy	YEAR: 2014
Name	Candice Payette
Title	Major Accounts Executive
Department	Major Acounts
Telephone	775-834-5742
Email	cpayette@nvenergy.com

https://www.nvenergy.com/company/rates/nnv/electric/schedules/

Source: 2014_NVEnergy_KWH_Usage_Towncode Candice Payette
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			04 to	AV. S
Record Name	Sector	Usage	Units	Notes
D1_CPP: Domestic Service	Residential	3668881	kWh	RENO
D1_TOU_E: Domestic Service_Time of Use	Residential	3087629	kWh	RENO
NEV_D1: Domestic Service	Residential	464271141.1	kWh	RENO
NEV_DM1: Domestic Multi-Family Service	Residential	208212882.2	kWh	RENO
NEV_OD1_TOU: Optional Domestic Service	Residential	1154775	kWh	RENO
NEV_OD1_TOU_HEV: Optional Domestic Service_Time of Use	Residential	163461	kWh	RENO
NEV_ODM1_TOU: Optional Domestic Multi-Family Service	Residential	92825	kWh	RENO
NEV_OLS_R: Outdoor Lighting Service_Residential(?)	Residential	311568.764	kWh	RENO
Totals		680,963,163.06	kWh	

# Residential Energy, Washoe County--NV Energy

Source Contact: NV Energy	YEAR:2014				
Name	Candice Payette				
Title	Major Account Executive				
Department	Major Accounts				
Telephone	775-834-5742				
Email	cpayette@nvenergy.com				

https://www.nvenergy.com/company/rates/nnv/electric/schedules/ Source: 2014\_NVEnergy\_KWH\_Usage\_Towncode Candice Payette

Record Name	Sector	Usage	Units	Notes
D1_CPP: Domestic Service	Residential	6812792.391	kWh	WC
D1_TOU_E: Domestic Service_Time of Use	Residential	6714291	kWh	wc
NEV_D1: Domestic Service	Residential	1070501585	kWh	WC
NEV_DM1: Domestic Multi-Family Service	Residential	296194092.2	kWh	WC
			kWh	wc
NEV_OD1_TOU: Optional Domestic Service	Residential	2688102	kWh	wc
NEV_OD1_TOU_HEV: Optional Domestic Service_Time of	Residential	331868	kWh	wc
NEV_ODM1_TOU: Optional Domestic Multi-Family Service	Residential	167156	kWh	wc
			kWh	wc
NEV_OLS_R: Outdoor Lighting Service, Residential(?)	Residenitial	833431.432	kWh	WC
			kWh	
			kWh	
			kWh	
Totals		1,384,243,318.02	kWh	

## Residential Wood Combustion of Washoe County--Washoe County

Source Contact: Washoe County	YEAR: 2014
Name	Yann Ling-Barnes
Title	Environmental Engineer
Department	Health District/Air Quality
Telephone	775-784-7208
Email	ylbarnes@washoecounty.us

Wood Usage by Device	Total Tons of Wood/Pellets Used	% Households in WC Using Device	Households in WC Using Device	Approx. Population Using Device
Fireplaces	14,216.00	52.00	98847.84	244154.16
Woodstoves/Inserts	8,742.00	29.00	55126.68	136162.90
Pellet Stoves	3,433.00	15.00	28513.80	70429.09
	26,391.00	96.00	182488.32	450746.15

	% of Tons used by Reno		
	14,146.60		
Persons per Household (2010-20	2.47		
Total Population in WC (2014)	442123.00	Total Population in Reno (2014)	236995.00
Total Households in WC (2014)	190092.00	Total Households in Reno (2014)	91133.00
		Reno % of WC	0.54

#### On-Road Vehicle Miles Traveled--Reno (scaled down) TOTAL ACTIVE VEHICLE REGISTRATIONS THROUGH DECEMBER 2004 BY FUEL TYPE

All the state of t	Market Control of the	1	
No.	Yann Ling-Barnes		9.43
Trip	Environmental Engineer	1	
Separate	Health District/Air Quality	]	
( Septime	775-784-7208	1	
fruit	ylbarnes@washoecounty.ur		
			84.75
2014_RTC_VMT_1-26-16_Yann Ling xlsx			84,75
			84.75
	Daby VHIT	Notes	84.75
2014 WC Veh Pop Yann Ling site	6080988	road type sum	84.75
2014 WC Veh Pop Yann Ling site Truckee Meadows		road type sum	84.75
2014_RTC_VMT_1-26-16_Yann Ling siss 2014 WC Veh Pop Yann Ling siss Truckee Meadows Washoe County -Yearly VMT		road type sum	84.75

MARKET COUNTY		
BLANK	6,002.00	1.47 %
COMPRESSED NAT	73.00	0.02 %
DIESEL	19,485.00	4.78 %
ELECTRIC	182.00	0.04 %
ETHANOL GAS ONL	2.00	0.00 %
FLEXIBLE FUEL	16,318.00	4.00 %
GASOLINE	320,713.00	78.66 %
GASOLINE/ELECTRI	194.00	0.05 %
METHANOL GAS O	4,062.00	1.00 %
NONE	24.00	0.01 %
PROPANE	58,390,00	9,42 %
UNKNOWN	166.00	0.04 %
	2089	0.51 %
TOTAL	467,700.00	100 00 %

termings of Valley I	per X
Motorcycle	4.62 %
Introduct Car	83,13 %
en Trick	8 30 %
faces from	3 95 %

	2014										
WC Vehicle Population	VehicleType	Teno VIVI	Totals	Francisco 18	asoline VAFF	Property NAT	Street Military	enunci VIII	Electric VMT +	tatural Gas VMF	Tetal VMT by Vehicle TV
Matercycle	Motorcycle	81071059.59		4.62	68703795.721	3874588 171	397,70	807727.85	36190.66	7648359.49	51071059.5
Passenger Car	Passenger Car	875954263.75		49.87	742328805.13	41864039.32	4297.05	8727314.74	391031.83	82638775.68	875954263.7
Passenger Truck	Passenger Car	584377819_344	9	33.27	495231893.18	27928873.71	2866.71	5822277.91	250870.16	55131037.69	584377819.3
Light Commercial Truck	Light Truck/SUV/Pickup	145847319.73		8.30	129598598.271	6970407.221	715.46	1453107.221	65107.22	13759444.34	
Intercity Bus	WC RTC (3 + 1 spare - all	21490.01	4	0.00	0.001	21490.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	21490.0
Transit Bus	WC RTC (15 desel-electr	655445 281	122	0.04	0.00	365330.161	0.001	0.001	21490.01	268625.11	655445.2
School Bus	WCSD - Jason Geddes &	1767553 254	329	0.10	0.001	1606978 191	0.001	0.00	0.00	161175.07	1767551.2
Hefuse Truck	Weste Management of Res	(IO1770 S	112	10.0	0.00	505015-321	0.00*	0.001	0.00	56705.04	601720.2
Single Unit Short-Hauf Truck	Heavy Truck	32777636.49		1.67	27777459.09	1566525.01	160.79:	326570 421	14632.16	3092289.02	
Single Unit Long-haul Truck	Heavy Truck	1622495.69	14	0.09	1374986.50	77549,121	7.96	16165.261	724.29	153068.56	1622495.6
Motor Home	Heavy Truck	12098875.16	19	0.69	10253210 601	578235 421	59,351	120543 61	5401.02	1141425.15	12098875.1
Combination Short Haul Truck	Heavy Truck	9417996.52*		0.54	7981295.82	450109.55	46.20	93833.461	4204.26	868507.24	9417996.5
Combination Long-Haul Truck	Heavy Truck	10374301.93		0.59	8791718.331	495813.77	50.89	103361.331	4631.16	978726.45	10374301.9
	المعاج فيوسانك	1756587977.00		100	1486041702.63	89806195.28	8602.12)	17470901.80	782792.74	165491633 69	
	**			Public Transit	0.00	1993198.35	0.00	0.00	21490 01	429800.18	
			3	Waste Managemen	0.00	505015.22	0.00	0.00	0.00	96705.04	

Heavy Truck	Trucks with a gross vehicle weight over 8500 lbs. (e.g. a public transit bus)	Gasoline
Light Truck/SLIV/Pickup	Includes Sports Utility Vehicles, pickup trucks, vans, minivans, and trucks. A gross vehicle weight up to 8500 l	Diesel
Passanger Car	Compact cars, sub-compact cars, sedans, and station wagons.	Ethanol
Passenger Vehicle	Combines passgenger cars with light trucks, SUVs, and pickups	Biodiesal
		CNS
		Other

[1] WC Pop:442,123 Reno Pop:235,995 Reno % of Washoe Population: 53.6%

On-Road Vehic	ric Milles Ital	, cica vvasili	Je Count								
				TOTAL ACTIVE VI	EHICLE REGISTRATIO	NS THROUGH DECEM	IBER 2004 BY FU	EL TYPE			
Server contact liquid or Court	Mark 12 (a	1		BLANK	6,002.00	1.47 %					
Hera	Yann Ling-Barnes		9.4	COMPRESSED NA	73.00	0.02 %					
THIN CO. LOCATION OF THE CO.	Environmental Engineer	Ī		DIESEL	19,485 00	4 78 %		Validations of Valida	de Temes	2	
Department	Health District/Air Qualit			ELECTRIC	182.00	0.04 %		Matterial	4.62	*	
Telegrapes	775-784-7208			ETHANOL GAS O	2,00	0.00 %		Patteriger Car	83,13		
Disk of the last	ylbarnes@washoecounty	v.us		FLEXIBLE FUEL	16,318.00	4.00 %		Cont Trust	8.30		
			84.7		320,713.00	78 66 %			3,95		
2014_RTC_VMT_1-26-16_Yann	Ling xisx			GASOLINE/ELECT	194 00	0.05 %		Meany Truck	3,93	*	
2014 WC Veh Pop Yann Ling als				METHANOL GAS	4,062.00	1.00 %			140.00		
				I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I	7,002,00	100 %		- ا			
Record Nathe	Date Will	Nitre		NONE	24,00	0,01 %					
Truckee Meadows	6080988	road type sum		PROPANE	38,390 00	9,42 %					
Washoe County	8978675	road type sum		UNKNOWN	166.00	0.04 %					
-Yearly VMT	3277216375	i que type som		Olakia Caria	2089	0.51 %					
Outside Truckee Meadows		road type sum		11010/1	4003	KENNICE					
		lines (the same			407,700.00	1000					
201	4										
PC Vallete Proposation	White Tree	WCVMT	Totale	Millalla	Carrier VVI	Frank (Aut )	Est Will	Mediana (Mf	- 11 VVI	Natural Co. VAC	hazar (Nati bij Velo de Di
Autorcycle	Motorcycle	151251976 851	15090	571725	128178723 36	7228709 271	741,98	1506954 94	67519.89	14269327.41	151251976
assenger Car	Passenger Car	1634243029.39	163,04	49.87	1384941800.52	78104550.961	8016.89	16282303.62	729536.99	154176820.31	1634243029
assenger Truck	Passenger Car	1090257125,64	108,77	33.27	923940099.224	52106107 661	5348 33		486698.05	102856413.60	1090257125
ight Commercial Truck	Light Truck/SUV/Pickup	272103208.45	27,147	71 A.30	230594287.81	13004491 091	1334 82	2711020.93	121468 69	25670605.12	272103200
ntercity Bus	WC RTC (3 + 1 spare -	40093 301			0.00	40093 301	0.00	0.00+	0.00	0.00	40093
ransit Bus	WC RTC (18 diesel-ele	1222845 671	122	0.04	0.00	681586 11	0.00		40093,30	501166 26	1222845
chool flus	WCSD - Jason Gedde	3297673.98	329		0.00	2996974.23	0.00	0.00	0.00	300699.76	3297673
ature Truck	Waste Management of B	1122612.42	110	10.03	0.00	942192.571	0.00	0.00	0.00	180419.85	1122612
ingle Unit Short-Haul Truck	Heavy Truck	61152306,881	6,101	1.87	51823617.71	2922621.29	299,99	609273 171	27298.80	5769195 93	61152306
ingle Unit Long-haul Truck	Heavy Truck	3027044.20	302	0.09	2565273.321	144669.991	14.85		1351 29	265575.67	3027044
fotor Home	Heavy Truck	22572528 291	2,252	0.69	19129124.25	1078797.43	110 73	224894,801	10076.53	2129524.54	22572528
embination Short Haul Truck	Heavy Truck	17570889.03	1,753	0.54	14890477.27	839756 62*	86,20	175062.43	7843.76	1657662.75	17570889
ombination Long-Hauf Truck	Heavy Truck	19355040.91	1,931	0.59	16402459.56	925025.69*	94.95	192838.301	8640.22	1825982.19	19355040
	Alter-art Totals	3277216375.00	326959		2772465863.12	156354730.00	16048.73	32594966.04	1460434.22	308641107.52	100000
				Public Transit	0.00	3718653.64	0.00	0.00	40093 30	801866 01	
				Waste Managem	0.00	942192.57	0.00	0.00	0.00	180419.85	
					0,001	34232.371	0.00	0.00	0.00	100413,02	
200		Ge Van									
Motorcycle	Matarcycle	166257140.57		4,62	140894872 72	7945843.471	815,59	1656454,51	74218 30	Milliotras And	ORDER HEY VITABLE U.S.
assenger Car	Passenger Car	1796370392.78								15684935.98	166257140
assenger Truck	Passenger Car			49.87	1522336887.24	85853022.081	8812.22	17897612.301	801911.73	169472147.21	1796370392
ght Commercial Truck		1198417607.29		33.27	1015600867 861	57275366,881	5878,92	11940084.18	534981.62	113060427.64	1198417607
itercity Bus	Ught Truck/SUV/Pickup WC RTC (3 + 1 spare -	299097587.48		8.30	253470716 361	14294619 801	1467-24	2979971.55	133519.16	28217293.37	299097587
ransit Bus	WC RTC (18 diesel-ele	44070.81 · 1344159.78 ·		0.00	0.00	44070 811	0.00	0 001	0.00	0.00	44070.
rhod Bus	WCSD - Jason Gedde	3624824,34	122		0.00	749203.81	0.00	0.00	44070.81	550885.16	1344159
(nod) bus					0.00	-	0.00	0.00	0.00	380531.09	3624824
ingle Unit Short-Haul Truck	Waste Management of R	67210005 071	- 10		0.00	1015664.10	9.00	0,00	0.00	191114.66	1201002
	Heavy Truck	67219006 93		1.87	56964852,121	3212564.021	329.75	669716,961	30007.01	6341537.07	67219006
ingle Unit Long-haul Truck later Home	Heavy Truck	3327346.35		0.09	2819764,851	159022.18	16.32	33151.04	1485.35	113906.60	3327346
ombination Short Haul Truck		24811867 50		0.69	21026855,76	1185821 04	121 72	247205.80	11076.15	2340787.00	24811867.
ombination Short Hauf Truck	Heavy Truck	19314033 63		0.54	16367707.88	923065.85	94.75	192429.74	8621 91	1822113.50	19314033
ninerhauen Long-Haut Iruck	Heavy Truck	21275184,79		0,59	18029688.48	1016794.15	104.37	211969.101	9497,38	2007131.30	21275184
	position and a	3602337205.00		100.00	3047512213.26	171866119.48	17640 86	35828595 19	1605318.64	339260279.88	
Contract Column 1988 St. 11 Visit	- 122012			Public Transit	0,00	4087567,87	0.00	0.00	44070.81	881416.25	
/ashoe County2008 Daily VMT Yearly VMT	9,869,417 3602337205			Waste Managem	0.00	1035664.10	0.00	0.00	0.00	198318.66	
restrict with the	3002337205										
ashoe County2014											
Dance County-2024	source Type 0	weeks was an and					- 9				
The Party Labor to Street Labo		ALABAMIN PORTER DESCRIPTION OF THE PERSON OF	11,174,110	A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH	entilliasteria)		1	WASHIEL COUNTY	The same of the last		
atorousla	The second secon	20 -11			4.62	4.62		BLANK	6,002.00	1,47 5	t .
	11	30,614				83.14	9.43	COMPRESSED NAT	73.00		
assenger Car	11 21	4,195,947	1,531,520,655		49.87	03/14				0.02 9	4
assenger Car assenger Truck	11 21 31	4,195,947 3,136,037	1,531,520,655 1,144,653,505	108772	33,27		*****	DIESEL	19,485.00	4.78 9	<b>6</b>
nssenger Car Issenger Truck ght Commercial Truck	11 21 31 32	4,195,947 3,136,037 797,919	1,531,520,655 1,144,653,505 291,240,435	108772	33,27 8.3	8.3		ELECTRIC	19,485.00 182.00	4.78 9	\$ \$ \$
nssenger Car Issenger Truck ght Commercial Truck tercity Bus	11 21 31 32 41	4,195,947 3,136,037 797,919 5,067	1,531,520,655 1,144,653,505 291,240,435 1,849,455	108772 27147 4	33,27 8.3 0			ELECTRIC ETHANDL GAS ON	19,485.00 182.00 2.00	4.78 9 0.04 9 0.00 9	
issenger Car issenger Truck ght Commercial Truck tercity Bus ansit Bus	11 21 31 32 41 42	4,195,947 3,136,037 797,919 5,067 9,965	1,531,520,655 1,144,653,505 291,240,435 1,849,455 3,637,225	108772 27147 4 122	33,27 8.3 0 0.04	8.3		ELECTRIC ETHANDL GAS ON FLEXIBLE FUEL	19,485.00 182.00 2.00 16,318.00	4.78 9 0.04 9 0.00 9 4.00 9	
rssenger Car ssenger Truck ght Commercial Truck tercity Bus ansit Bus hool Bus	11. 21. 31. 32. 41. 42.	4,195,947 3,136,037 797,919 5,067 9,965 26,685	1,531,520,655 1,144,653,505 291,240,435 1,849,455 3,637,225 9,740,025	108772 27147 4 122 329	33,27 8.3 0 0.04 0.1	8.3 0.14		ELECTRIC ETHANDL GAS ON FLEXIBLE FUEL GASOLINE	19,485.00 162.00 2.00 16,318.00 320,713.00	4.78 9 0.04 9 0.00 9 4.00 9 78.66 9	
rssenger Car ssenger Truck ght Commercial Truck tercity Bus ansit Bus hool Bus efuse Truck	11 21 31 32 41 42 43 51	4,195,947 3,136,037 797,919 5,067 9,965 26,685 14,535	1,531,520,655 1,144,653,505 291,240,435 1,849,455 3,637,225 9,740,025 5,305,275	108772 27147 4 122 329	33,27 9.3 0 0.04 0.1 0.03	8.3 0.14	84.75	ELECTRIC ETHANDL GAS ON FLEXIBLE FUEL GASOLINE GASOLINE/ELECTR	19,485.00 182.00 2.00 16,318.00 320,713.00 194.00	4.78 9 0.04 9 0.00 9 4.00 9	
rssenger Car ssenger Truck ght Commercial Truck tercity Bus ansit Bus hool Bus fivse Truck agle Unit Short-haul Truck	11. 21. 31. 32. 41. 42. 43. 51.	4,195,947 3,136,037 797,919 5,067 9,965 26,685 14,535 207,746	1,531,520,655 1,144,653,505 291,240,435 1,849,455 3,637,225 9,740,025 5,305,275 75,827,290	108772 27147 4 122 329 112	33,27 9,3 0 0,04 0,1 0,09 1,87	8.3 0.14	84.75	ELECTRIC ETHANDL GAS ON FLEXIBLE FUEL GASOLINE	19,485.00 162.00 2.00 16,318.00 320,713.00	4.78 9 0.04 9 0.00 9 4.00 9 78.66 9	
issenger Car ssenger Truck ght Commercial Truck tercity Bus ansit Bus hool Bus efuse Truck ngle Unit Short-haul Truck ngle Unit Long-haul Truck	11 21 31, 32 41 42 43 51 52	4,195,947 3,136,037 797,919 5,067 9,965 26,685 14,535 207,746 14,660	1,531,520,655 1,144,653,505 291,240,435 1,849,455 3,637,225 9,740,025 5,305,275 75,827,290 5,350,900	108772 27147 4 122 329 112 6101 302	33.27 9.3 0 0.04 0.1 0.03 1.87 0.09	8.3 0.14	84.75	ELECTRIC ETHANDL GAS ON FLEXIBLE FUEL GASOLINE GASOLINE/ELECTR METHANOL GAS O NONE	19,485.00 182.00 2.00 16,318.00 320,713.00 194.00	4.78 2 0.04 2 0.00 2 4.00 2 78.56 2 0.05 5	
rssenger Car ssenger Truck tht Commercial Truck tercity Bus ansit Bus hool Bus fluse Truck ngle Unit Short-haul Truck agle Unit Short-haul Truck ofter Home	11 21 31 32 41 42 43 51 52 53 54	4,195,947 3,136,037 797,919 5,067 9,965 26,685 14,535 207,746 14,660 11,300	1,531,520,655 1,144,653,505 291,240,435 1,849,455 3,637,225 9,740,025 5,305,275 75,827,290 5,350,900 4,124,500	108772 27147 4 122 329 112 6101 302 2253	33,27 9,3 0 0,04 0,1 0,09 1,87	8.3 0.14	84.75	ELECTRIC ETHANDL GAS ON PLEXIBLE FUEL GASOLINE GASOLINE/ELECTR METHANOL GAS O	19,485,00 182,00 2,00 16,318,00 320,713,00 194,00 4,062,00	4.78 2 0.04 9 0.00 9 4.00 9 78.66 9 0.05 9	
interrepted assenger Car assenger Truck ght Commercial Truck tercity Bus annit Bus though Bus effects Truck night Commercial Truck night Unit Short-haul Truck night Unit Long-haul Truck onto Home ambianation Short-haul Truck mitination Long-haul Truck	11 21 31, 32 41 42 43 51 52	4,195,947 3,136,037 797,919 5,067 9,965 26,685 14,535 207,746 14,660	1,531,520,655 1,144,653,505 291,240,435 1,849,455 3,637,225 9,740,025 5,305,275 75,827,290 5,350,900	108772 27147 4 122 329 112 6101 302 2253	33.27 9.3 0 0.04 0.1 0.03 1.87 0.09	8.3 0.14	84.75	ELECTRIC ETHANDL GAS ON FLEXIBLE FUEL GASOLINE GASOLINE/ELECTR METHANOL GAS O NONE	19,485,00 182,00 2,00 16,318,00 320,713,00 194,00 4,062,00 24,00	4.78 2 0.04 9 0.00 9 4.00 9 78.66 9 0.05 9 1.00 9	********

Value Tree		284B25
Heavy Truck	Trucks with a gross vehicle weight over \$500 lbs. (e.g. a public transit bus)	Gasoline
Light Truck/SUV/Pickup	Includes Sports Utility Vehicles, pickup trucks, vans, minivans, and trucks. A gross vehicle weight up to 8500 lbs.	Diesel
Passenger Car	Compact cars, sub-compact cars, sedans, and station wagons.	Ethanol
Passenger Vehicle	Combines passgenger cars with light trucks, SUVs, and pickups	Biodiesel
ACCOUNT OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR		CNG
		2000

#### On-Road Vehicle Miles Traveled--Washoe Count TOTAL ACTIVE VEHICLE REGISTRATIONS THROUGH DECEMBER 2004 BY FUEL TYPE BLANK 5,002.00 Yann Ling-Barnes 9.43 COMPRESSED NA 73.00 0.02 % DIESEL 4.78 % Environmental Engineer 19,485.00 182.00 0.04 % Health District/Air Quality 775-784-7208 ETHANOL GAS O 2.00 0.00 % 83.13 % FLEXIBLE FUEL 16,318 00 4.00 % ylbarnes@washoecounty.us 84.75 GASOLINE 320,713.00 78 66 % 3.95 % 2014\_RTC\_VMT\_1-26-16\_Yann Ling GASOLINE/ELECT 0.05 % 2014 WC Veh Pop Yann Ling sics METHANOL GAS 4,062.00 1.00 % NONE 24,00 0.01 % PROPANE 38,390,00 9.42 % ruckee Meadows oad type sur 8978675 3277216375 UNKNOWN 166,00 0.04 % Yearly VMT 051 9 Matarcycle 15090 163,044 7228709 27 78104550 96 741.98 8016.89 1506954 941 16282303.621 67519.89 729536.99 151251976 85 128178723,36 14269327.4 151251976 85 Motorcycle 49.87 1634243029.39 1384941800.62 Passenger Car Passenger Car Passenger Car Light Truck/SUV/Pickup WC RTC (3 + 1 spare Passenger Truck Light Commercial Truck 1090257125 64 108,772 33.2 923940099.22 52106107.66 5348.33 10862458 78 486698.05 102856413.60 1090257125.64 272103208.45 13004491.09 121468.65 25670605.12 272103208.45 0.0 40093.30 501166.26 1222845.67 Transit Rus WCRTC (18 diesel-ele 1222845.67 1221 0.04 0.00 681586.11 0.00 0.00 40093.3 329 W2132.57 Single Unit Short-Haul Truck 61152306 88 6.101 1.87 51823617.71 2922621.29 609273.17 27298.80 5769195.93 61152306.88 Single Unit Long-haul Truck Motor Home Combination Short Haul Truck 30159.07· 224894.80· 3027044.20 22572528.29 1351.79 265575.67 2129524.54 2,252 19129124 25 1078797.43 Heavy Truck 22572528 29 0.55 110.73 10075.53 Heavy Truck 17570889.03 1,753 0.54 14890477.27 839756.62 85.20 175062.43 7843.76 1657662.75 17570889.03 19355040.91 16402459,56 925025,69 192838.30 1825982 19 19355040.91 1,931 0.59 Combination Long-Haul Truck 3277216375.00 100.00 2772465863.12 56354730.00 5048.73 460434.22 308641107.52 3718653.64 0.00 0.00 40093.30 801866 01 0.00 0.00 942192.57 0.00 0.00 0.00 180419.85 Motorcycle 166257140.57 166257140.57 Motorcycle 4.62 140894872.72 7945843 47 815.59 1656454.51 74218.30 15664935.91 49.87 33.27 17897612.30 11940084 18 801911.73 534981.62 1796370392.78 1522336887.24 85853022.08 RR12 771 169472147.21 1796370392 78 assenger Car 1198417607.29 57275366 88 Passenger Truck Light Commercial Truck Intercity Bus Transit Bus 299097587.48 Light Truck/SUV/Pickup 299097587,481 8.30 253470716.36 14294619.80 1467,24 2979971.55 133519.16 28217293.37 WC RTC (3 + 1 spare WC RTC (18 diesel-e 44070 81 1344159.78 0.00 1344159.78 122 0.00 749203 81 44070.81 WCSD - Jason Gedde 0.10 330531.0 1233302.75 67219006 93 6341537 07 67219006.93 3327346.35 1.8 3212564 02 Single Unit Short-Hauf Truck 329.75 30007.01 Heavy Truck Single Unit Long-hauf Truck Motor Home Heavy Truck 3327346.35 0.09 2819764.85 159022.18 16.32 33151.04 1485.35 313906.60 24811867.50 0.6 21026855 76 1185821 04 121.72 247205.80 11076.18 2340787.0 24811867.50 16367707.88 192429,74 8621.91 19314033.63 Combination Short Haul Truck 19314033.63 Heavy Truck Combination Long-Haul Truck Heavy Truck 21275184.79 0.5 18029688.48 1016794.15 104.37 211969.10 9497.38 2007131.30 21275184.79 100.00 3047512213-26 Public Transit Waste Manager 881416.25 4087567.87 0.00 0.00 44070.61 Washoe County-2008 Daily VMT 9.869 417 0.00 1035664 10 0.00 198318.66 Washoe County-2014 BLANK 11,174,110 Motorcycle 15090 1.47 % 30,614 4.62 83.14 6,002.00 21 31 32 4.195.947 1,531,520,655 16304 49.87 9.43 COMPRESSED NAT 73.00 0.02 % 1,144,653,505 291,240,435 19,485.00 Passenger Truck 10877 DIFFER 4.78 % ELECTRIC 0.04 % Light Commercial Truck 2714 797,919 8.3 Intercity Bus Transit Bus ETHANDL GAS ON FLEXIBLE FUEL 2.00 16,318.00 0.00 % 4.00 % 1 849 455 41 42 43 51 52 53 54 61 78.66 % School Bus 26,685 9,740,025 325 GASOLINE 320,713.00 Refuse Truck Single Unit Short-haul Truck 14,535 207,746 5,305,275 75,827,290 GASOLINE/ELECTR METHANOL GAS O 194.00 4,062.00 0.05 % 112 Single Unit Long-haul Truck 14,660 5,350,900 302 0.09 NONE 24.00 0.01 % 11,300 119,251 4,124,500 43,526,615 225 0.69 PROPANE 38 390 00 9.42 % Combination Short-haul Truck 3.95 UNKNOWN 156.00 Combination Long-baul Truck 149.265.655 193 0.59 0.51 5 8,978,672 3,277,215,645

Gasaline

Blodiese CNG Other

Heavy Truck

Light Truck/SUV/Pickup Passenger Car Passenger Vehicle Trucks with a gross vehicle weight over 8500 lbs. (e.g. a public transit bus)

Combines passgenger cars with light trucks; SUVs, and pickups

Includes Sports Utility Vehicles, pickup trucks, vans, minivans, and trucks. A gross vehicle weight up to 8500 lbs. Diesel

## Railroad Emissions--Washoe County

Source Control Washing County		Emissions Inventory Year, 2014
Name	Yann Ling-Barnes	
Inle	Environmental Engineer	
Department	Health District/Air Quality Management	t .
Telephone	775-784-7208	
Small:	vlbarnes@washoecounty.us	

#### 2014 WC Railroad Data Yann Ling yes

2014 Railroad Emissions	n Washoe County					
Activity		Facility	Track Miles w/in WC or Switches	Diesel Consumed (gal/yr)	₩W/in Reno	Diesel Consumed (gal/yr)Remo
Line Haul- Freight		UPRR	117.71	2,741,753.00	18.00 miles	419,263.90
	2285002006				15.29 %	
Line Haul- Passenger		Amtrak	59.00	76,070.00	18.00 miles	23,207.80
	2285002008				30.51 %	
Switch Yard [1]		UPRR	2,00 [2]	85,488.00	0.00 miles	0.00
	2285002010				0.00 %	
Totals			176.71	2,903,311:00		442,471.70

2014 Railroad Emissions in HA 8	1 (Truckee Meadows Basin)		
Activity	Facility	Track Miles w/in Wt. or Switches Dies	el Consumed (gal/yr)
Line Haul- Freight	UPRR	15.66	364,653
27	85002006		
Line Haul- Passenger	Amtrak	#REF!	#REF!
22	285002008		
Switch Yard [3]	UPRR	2[4]	85,488
:22	85002010		
Totals		#REF!	HREFI

[1] ylbarnes: Reported as Point Source in EIS per EPA preference. SSC=228500201.

[2] ylbarnes: Switches, located in Sparks.

[3] ylbarnes: Reported as Point Source in EIS per EPA preference. SSC=228500201.

[4] ylbarnes: Switches, located in Sparks.

#### **RTC TRANSIT SYSTEM 2014**

RIDE fixed route and ACCESS paratransit

Source Contact: RTC	YEAR: 2014			
Name	Amy Cummings			
Title	Director of Planning			
Department				
Telephone				
Email	acummings@rtcwashoe.com			

#### Smart Trips Program RTC Amy Cummings.pdf

	Diesel-Electric Hybrids	Clean Diesel Buses (B5 biodiesel	Electric Buses	CNG ACCESS Vans	Total
Vehicle count	18.00	54.00	4.00	50.00	126.00
Percent %	14.29	42.86	3.17	39.68	100.00
VMT	412,791.86	1,238,375.57	91,731.52	1,146,644.05	2,889,543.00
Reno % of VMT	200,740.68	602,222.04	44,609.04	557,613.00	1,405,184.76
RTC RIDE transit trips	8,246,921.00	802,962.72			
VMT for RTC RIDE	2,889,543.00				

82 9 TO 10	AVG Number of Vanpools
FY 2013	36
FY 2014	51
FY 2015	65

Vanpool Destinations	Trips
Susanville	4
Herlong	60
Spanish Springs	1
Stead	_ 1
TRIC	8
Carson City	5

## VEHICLE REGISTRATIONS BY VEHICLE TYPE & FUEL TYPE-DMV

Source Contact: DMV	YEAR: 2014		
Name	Andreas McCool		
Title	Management Analyst		
Department	Management Services & Programs Division		
Telephone	775-684-4550		
Email	AMcCool@dmv.nv.gov		

#### TOTAL ACTIVE VEHICLE REGISTRATIONS THROUGH DECEMBER 2014

WASHOE COUNTY			Gasoline	Diesel
CARS & RVS	253,244.00	62.12 %	199332.28	12103.16
TRUCK, VAN, BUS	83,744.00	20.54 %	65916.20	4002.33
TRAILER, UTILITY, TENT	36,500.00	8.95 %	28729.72	1744.43
MOTORCYCLE	14,758.00	3.62 %	11616.25	705.32
OFF-HIGHWAY VEHICLE	9,493.00	2.33 %	7472.09	453.69
TRV-TLR & 5TH WHEEL	9,945.00	2.44 %	7827.86	475.30
TOTAL	407,684.00	100.00 %	320894.41	19484.24

#### TOTAL ACTIVE VEHICLE REGISTRATIONS THROUGH DECEMBER 2004 BY FUEL TYPE

WASHOE COUNTY	TOTAL SERVICE AND A STATE OF	XXVIII IN THE REAL PROPERTY.
BLANK	6,002.00	1.47 %
COMPRESSED NATURAL GAS	73.00	0.02 %
DIESEL	19,485.00	4.78 %
ELECTRIC	182.00	0.04 %
ETHANOL GAS ONLY	2.00	0.00 %
FLEXIBLE FUEL	16,318.00	4.00 %
GASOLINE	320,713.00	78.66 %
GASOLINE/ELECTRIC	194.00	0.05 %
METHANOL GAS ONLY	4,062.00	1.00 %
NONE	24.00	0.01 %
PROPANE	38,390.00	9.42 %
UNKNOWN	166.00	0.04 %
	2089	0.51 %
TOTAL	407,700.00	100.00 %

# POTW Emissions Data, WC--W

Source Contact: WC	YEAR: 2014
Name	Yann Ling Barnes
Title	A)
Department	
Telephone	
Email	

POTW Data for Reno's GHG El\_Yann Ling Barnes.xlsx

https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/0B\_NzLa2wYhsgQWNYN2R1SXZyNI

	Annual Throughput	Percent
Facility	(million gal/yr)	(%)
Cold Springs WRF	109.64	0.89
Gerlach GID	3.69	0.03
Incline Village GID	333.90	2.72
Lemmon Valley WWTP	64.99	0.53
Stead WRF	312.24	2.55
South Truckee Meadows WR	1260.53	10.28
Truckee Meadows WRD	10173.00	82.99
Washoe County Total	12257.99	100.00

# SCNG/LCNG Wastewater Gas Use, Stead--City of Reno

Source Contact:	YEAR: 2014
Name	
Title	
Department	
Telephone	
Email	

2014\_Stead Gas Use\_Robert Zoncki.pdf

file:///C:/Users/hjung/Downloads/2014\_Stead%20Gas%20Use\_Robert%20Zoncki.pdf

Read	Nbr.	Therms	Gas Usage		E	
Date	Days	Used	Charge	KWH	KHW\$	KW
12/16/2014	32	5,551	\$4,045.57	153,600	\$8,850.62	312
11/14/2014	29	3,109	\$2,265.84	122,400	\$6,566.59	360
10/16/2014	30	590	\$428.62	127,200	\$6,688.81	336
9/17/2014	30	69	\$49.71	108,000	\$4,819.30	336
8/19/2014	32	20	\$14.41	129,600	\$6,236.74	360
7/18/2014	32	25	\$17.54	115,200	\$5,303.59	336
6/19/2014	31	6,563	\$4,273.51	120,000	\$5,032.30	360
5/19/2014	32	687	\$457.45	144,000	\$5,016.82	408
4/17/2014	29	2,892	\$1,931.35	108,000	\$4,604.60	360
3/19/2014	28	3,893	\$2,610.61	110,400	\$4,703.04	360
2/19/2014	29	4,798	\$3,217.49	129,600	\$5,520.96	360
1/21/2014	21	3,986	\$2,672.97	91,200	\$3,885.12	360
Totals	355	32,183	\$21,985.07	1,459,200	\$67,228.49	4248

# Wastewater Info, WC--TMWRF

Source Contact: TMWRF	Year: 2015					
Name						
Title						
Department						
Telephone						
Email						
2014_TMWRF_Wastewater	David Kershaw.pdf	1				
Gas and Electricity use for 20		ns David Kershaw.p	df			
2015 Average Daily Flow to T	MWRF_David Kersha	w.pdf				
file:///C:/Users/hjung/Down			%20Kershaw.p	df		
			Reno			Reno
General Facility Informatio	n de la companya de			Power Usage	30,800,000 kWh	16,508,800
Population Served		330,000.00	176,880.00	Avg Daily FI [1]	26.33 million gallons/day	14
Does facility use nitrification	n/denitrification?	Υ	Υ			
Data for Effluent N2O Emis	ssions					
N load	185.00	kg N/day	(same)			
If Methanol is used:						
Methanol Use	8.80	MT CH3OH/day	4.72			
Solids Treatment Type	Panaerobic Digest	ion—>Landfill	(same)			
	1					
If biosolids are combusted:						
Amount combusted	722	MT/day				
Energy content	, <del></del> -	MMBtu/MT	5 <del>555</del>			
If facility has anaerobic dig	ester:					
Digester gas combusted	498,240.00	scf/day	267,056.64			
Energy Content	0.0005	MMBtu/scf	0.0005			
Percent CH4	50.00	%	50.00			

## Raw Data\_Water and Wastewater

[1] This includes Reno, Sparks, County, and Reno/Stead WRF

# Water Power Usage, WC--Truckee Meadows Water Authority

Source Contact: TMWA	
Name	John Enloe, P.E.
Title	Director
Department	Natural Resources
Telephone	775-834-8250
Email	jenloe@tmwa.com

2014\_Water Energy\_TMWA.pdf

https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/0B\_NzLa2wYhsgQWNYN2R1SXZyNI

For 2014		For 2015	
Total Power Consumption	48,066,256 KWH	Total Power Consumption	58,349,029 KWH
Total Power Generation	28,063,442 KWH	Total Power Generation	28,063,442 KWH
-for 3 hydroelectric facilities ald	ong the Truckee River	-for 3 hydroelectric facilities	along the Truckee River
Net Power Consumption	20,002,814 KWH	Net Power Consumption	30,285,587 KWH
Reno	10721508.3 KWH		

# Water Usage, WC--Truckee Meadows Water Authority

Source Contact: TMWA	YEAR: 2015
Name	Shawn Stoddard
Title	Senior Resource Economist
Department	Natural Resources
Telephone	775-834-8018
Email	sstoddard@tmwa.com

2015\_Email\_TMWA.pdf

https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/0B\_NzLa2wYhsgQWNYN2R1SXZyNlk

\*1 af = 325,851 gallons

\*2015 is the base year of recently approved water resource plan (WRP)

	gallons/year	af	million gallons/year	
Total Water Consumption	26,633,000	81,735	26.63	Reno
Inflation for all WC	30556953856	93776	30556.95	16378.53
			,	
Population (WC)	443,729	est.		
Population Served by TMWA	386,752	est.		
		r -		
Gallons per person	68,864	gallons/person		
Gallons per person per day	189	gpd/person		

#### WC vs Reno Scale Data

= given data = scaled-down data

Agriculture	WC	Reno
Agricultural Process	Y	Υ
Biogenic CO2	N	N
CO2 Emissions	N	N
CH4 Emissions	Y [1]	Y [2]
N2O Emissions	N	N
Acres Cultivated	Y	N
Head of Livestock	Y	Υ
Value of Production	Υ	N

Transportation	wc	Reno
VMT	Y	Y
Travel Type	Y	Y
Fuel Type	Y [3]	Y
Vehicle %	Y	Υ
Population	Y	Y
Public Transit	Y	Y
Rail Transit	Υ Υ	Y

Solid Waste	Wc	Reno
Waste Generation		
-Total Waste Generated	Y	Y
-Disposal Location	Y	Υ
-# of Households/Businesses	Υ	Υ
Collection and Transportation Emissions		
-Mass of Solid Waste	Y	Υ
-Fuel Type	Y	Y
-Miles travelled to disposal site	Y	Y
-Population Served	Y	Υ
Combustion of Solid Waste Generated by the	ne Comi	nunity
–% of Total Combusted MSW Generated In	Y	Y [4]
-"Electricity Generated from Waste?"	Υ	Y [5]
-Waste generation and disposal location	Y	Y [6]

Water and Wastewater	WC	Reno
Waste Water Treatment Energy Use		
Electricity Used	Y	Y
Natural Gas Used	Y	Y
Volume of Water Treated	Y	Y
Population	Y	Y
Supply of Potable Water	11	1
Electricity Used	Υ	Y
Natural Gas Used	Y	Y
Volume of Water Delivered	Υ	Y
Population	Υ	Y
Combustion of Digester Gas		n d
Population	Y	Υ
Energy recovered?	Y	Y
Generation and Treatment Location	Y	Y
Septic Systems		
BOD5 Load	N	N
Population	N	N
Combustion of Biosolids and Sludges		2011
Daily Quantity Incinerated	N	N
Energy Content of Biosolids (if known)	N	N
Population	N	N
Energy recovered?	N	N
Generation and Treatment Location	N	N
Wastewater Treatment Lagoons	W.	16
BOD5 Load	N	N
Industrial Discharge Multiplier	N	N
Generation and Treatment Location	N	N
Nitrification/Denitrification Process N2O	from W	astewate
Population	Y	Y
Generation and Treatment Location	Y	Y
Flaring of Digester Gas	. 17.7	
Fraction of CH4 in Digester Gas	Υ	Y
Destruction Efficiency	Υ	Y
Generation and Treatment Location	Υ	Y
Process N2O from Effluent Discharges	to River	s/Estuari
Daily N Load for Discharge?	N	N
Population	N	N
Generation and Treatment Location	N	N
CO2 from Use of Fossil Fuel Derived Me	ethanol	
Daily Methanol Load	N	ÎN
Wastewater Plant Treatment Type	N	N
Population	N	N

Generation and Treatment Location N

Stationary Energy	WC	Reno
Grid Electricity		
Electricity Used	Y	Y
# of Households	Υ	Υ
Population	Υ	Y
Stationary Fuel Combustion	0 1	NO.
Fuel Type	Υ	Υ
Fuel Use	Υ	Υ
# of Households	Y	Y
Population	Υ	Υ
Grid Electricity	£ 1.00	1000
Electricity Used	Υ	Υ
Commercial Floor Area	Y	Y
Workforce Size	Υ	Y
# of Establishments	Y	Y
Stationary Fuel Combustion		
Fuel Type	Y	Y
Fuel Use	Y	Y
Commercial Floor Area	Υ	Y
Workforce Size	Y	Y
# of Establishments	Υ	Y
Grid Electricity		
Electricity Used	Y	Y
Stationary Fuel Combustion	75 T	1.275
Fuel Type	N	N
Fuel Use	N	N
Stationary Fuel Combustion at E	nergy Indus	tries
Fuel Type	Y	Y
Fuel Use	Υ	Y
Energy Use Attribution	N	N
Industrial Point Source from Sta	tionary Fuel	Combustion
Fuel Type	Y (?)	Y (?)
Fuel Use	Y (7)	Y (?)

#### WC vs Reno Scale Data

- [1] I calculated these by hand using equation from the protocol
- [2] I calculated these by hand using equation from the protocol
- [3] I have the fuel type of active vehicle registrations through Dec 2004
- [4] Yes if I apply % of Reno to WC numbers
- [5] Yes if I apply % of Reno to WC numbers
- [6] Yes if I apply % of Reno to WC numbers